Air Operating Permit – Final
AOP 021R2

Puget Sound Energy
Sumas Generating Station
Sumas, Washington

Issued: April 15, 2021
## PERMIT INFORMATION

**PUGET SOUND ENERGY, SUMAS GENERATING STATION**

1340 Thompson Lane, Sumas, Washington 98295

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Responsible Corporate Official</th>
<th>Corporate Inspection Contact</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ryan Blood</td>
<td>Steve Nims</td>
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<tr>
<td>Director, Generation North</td>
<td>Plant Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puget Sound Energy</td>
<td>Sumas Generating Station</td>
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**Northwest Clean Air Agency**

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**Prepared by**

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Engineer
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Expires: April 15, 2026

Renewal Application Due: April 15, 2025
This permit is issued in accordance with the provisions of Section 322 of the Regulation of the Northwest Clean Air Agency and the provisions of Chapter 173-401 Washington Administrative Code.

Pursuant to Section 322 of the Regulation of the Northwest Clean Air Agency and Chapter 173-401 Washington Administrative Code, Puget Sound Energy – Sumas Generating Station is authorized to operate subject to the terms and conditions of this permit.

Northwest Clean Air Agency Approval:

Christos Christoforou, P.E.
Engineer

Date: 4/15/21

Agata McIntyre, P.E.
Engineering Manager

Date: 4/15/21
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SECTION 1  EMISSION UNIT DESCRIPTIONS

Emission units and activities that are located at the Puget Sound Energy (PSE), Sumas Generating Station (PSE Sumas) located at 1340 Thompson Lane, Washington hereinafter referred to as PSE Sumas, or the facility, the source, or the permittee, are listed in the table below. The information presented in Section 1 is for informational purposes only.

Table 1-1  Emission Unit Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emission Unit (EU)</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Rated Capacity</th>
<th>Emission Control</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| EU-1               | GE 7EA combined cycle combustion turbine with heat recovery steam generator | Nominal 125 MW output  
Nominal 1,138 MMBtu/hr input | NOx: Steam injection and selective catalytic reduction (SCR)  
SO2, CO, VOC & PM: Good combustion practices and the exclusive use of natural gas as fuel |
| EU-2               | Emergency Generator  
Cummins Diesel Turbogenerator | 500 KW output  
671 BHP | Annual use limited to 132 hours. |
SECTION 2    STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Standard terms and conditions are administrative and/or other requirements that typically have no ongoing compliance monitoring requirements. The permittee must comply with the requirements listed below. Some requirements from the regulations have been paraphrased for brevity.

All terms and conditions of this permit are enforceable by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Administrator and by citizens under the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA), except for those terms and conditions designated in the permit as “State Only”. In accordance with WAC 173-401-625(2), a requirement designated “State Only” is enforceable only by the NWCAA, and not by EPA or through citizen suits. “State only” WAC citations are enforceable by the NWCAA because they are adopted by reference in NWCAA 104.1 as amended May 14, 2020.

The requirements listed below the “Directly Enforceable” label are legally enforceable requirements added under NWCAA’s gap-filling authority in WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c) (10/17/2002). Unless the text of the term is specifically identified to be “Directly Enforceable”, the language of the cited regulation takes precedence over a paraphrased requirement.

2.1 Compliance Requirements

2.1.1 Duty to Comply


The permittee shall comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of RCW 70A.15 and, for federally enforceable provisions, a violation of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). Such violations are grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and re-issuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

State Only: NWCAA 322.3 (11/17/2011)

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a source that is subject to the requirements of chapter 173-401 WAC without complying with the provisions of chapter 173-401 WAC and any permit issued under its authority.

2.1.2 Civil and Criminal Penalties

WAC 173-400-230(2) (3/20/1993), WAC 173-400-240 (3/22/1991), NWCAA Section 131 (3/14/2013), NWCAA Sections 132 & 133 (8/13/2015), and Section 113 of the FCAA

Any person who violates applicable regulations or aids and abets in a violation, as notified in accordance with this section, shall be subject to penalties.

WAC 173-400-250 (9/20/1993) and NWCAA 133.2 (8/13/2015)

Penalties issued may be appealed to the pollution control hearings board within 30 days after notice is served.

2.1.3 Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense


It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.


2.1.4 Duty to Provide Information


The permittee shall furnish to the permitting authority, within a reasonable time, any information that the permitting authority may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the permitting authority copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to the administrator along with a claim of confidentiality. The permitting authority shall maintain confidentiality of such information in accordance with RCW 70A.15.2510.

2.1.5 Confidential Information

_NWCAA Section 114 (11/8/2007)_

Whenever any records or other information other than ambient air quality data or emission data furnished to or obtained by the Agency, relates to processes or production unique to the owner or operator, or are likely to affect adversely the competitive position of such owner or operator if released to the public or to a competitor, and the owner or operator of such processes or production so certifies, such records or information shall be only for the confidential use of the NWCAA.

Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the use of records or information by the NWCAA in compiling or publishing analyses or summaries relating to the general condition of the outdoor atmosphere: provided, that such analyses or summaries do not reveal any information otherwise confidential under the provisions of this section: provided further, that emission data furnished to or obtained by the Board shall be correlated with applicable emission limitations and other control measures and shall be available for public inspection during normal business hours at the office of the NWCAA.

2.1.6 Inspection and Entry


Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow Ecology, NWCAA or an authorized representative to:

(i) Enter upon the permittee’s premises where a chapter 401 source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;

(ii) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the condition of the permit;

(iii) Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and

(iv) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements.

No person shall willfully interfere with or obstruct the Control Officer or any NWCAA employee and/or assigned agent in carrying out any lawful duty.
2.1.7 Investigation and Studies

**NWCAA Section 110 (7/14/2005)**

The Control Officer and/or his qualified agents may make any reasonable investigation or study which is necessary for the purpose of standards or any amendments thereto on reducing the amount or kind of contaminant.

When investigating conditions specific to the control, recovery or release of air contaminants, the Control Officer or his duly authorized representatives shall have the power to enter at reasonable times upon any private or public property, except non-multiple unit private dwellings housing two families or less.

If an authorized employee of the Agency, during the course of an inspection desires to obtain a sample of air contaminant, he shall notify the owner or lessee of the time and place of obtaining a sample so the owner or lessee has the opportunity to take a similar sample at the same time and place. A receipt shall be given to the owner or lessee for the sample obtained.

2.1.8 Source Testing

2.1.8.1 **WAC 173-400-105(4) (9/20/1993)**

To demonstrate compliance, Ecology or the NWCAA may conduct or require that a test be conducted of the source using approved EPA methods from 40 CFR 60 Appendix A which are adopted by reference, or approved procedures contained in the “Source Test Manual – Procedures for Compliance Testing,” state of Washington, Department of Ecology, as of July 12, 1990, on file at Ecology. The operator of a source may be required to provide the necessary platform and sampling ports for Ecology personnel or others to perform a test of an emissions unit. Ecology shall be allowed to obtain a sample from any emissions unit. The operator of the source shall be given an opportunity to observe the sampling and to obtain a sample at the same time.

2.1.8.2 **State Only: WAC 173-400-105(4) (11/25/2018)**

To demonstrate compliance, the required test must be conducted using approved EPA methods from 40 CFR Parts 51, 60, 61 and 63 (in effect on January 24, 2018) or procedures contained in “Source Test Manual – Procedures for Compliance Testing,” state of Washington, department of ecology, as of September 20, 2004, on file at ecology. All other language is the same as 2.1.8.1.

2.1.8.3 **State Only: NWCAA Section 367 and Appendix A (7/14/2005)**

Source tests required by NWCAA to assess compliance with an air emission standard shall be conducted according to the following provisions:

(i) A source test plan shall be submitted to the NWCAA for approval for all compliance source tests at least 30 days prior to scheduled testing. A summary of the test shall accompany the test plan and be submitted on a template provided by the NWCAA.

(ii) Once a test plan has been approved, any changes in test dates or methodology shall require NWCAA approval.

(iii) Results of required source tests must be submitted within sixty days of completion of the test unless prior approval is granted by NWCAA.

2.1.9 Testing and Sampling

2.1.9.1 **NWCAA 360.1 (2/14/1973)**

Any person operating or using any article, machine, equipment or other contrivance shall provide and maintain such sampling and testing facilities as specified in the Order of Approval to Construct or an Air Operating Permit.
2.1.9.2  State Only: NWCAA Section 367 and Appendix A (7/14/2005)

All ambient monitoring, compliance testing, continuous monitoring systems and continuous opacity monitoring systems required by a regulation, order of approval or permit issued by the NWCAA shall comply with the applicable requirements of Section 367 and Appendix A of the NWCAA Regulation. The applicable requirements of Section 367 and Appendix A of the NWCAA Regulation are in addition to any monitoring, testing, calibration or quality assurance/quality control requirements that otherwise apply.

Any person operating an air operating permit source may, at any time, be required to monitor the ambient air, process emissions or conduct emission tests as deemed necessary by the Control Officer.

The Control Officer may take such samples and perform any tests and investigations deemed necessary to determine the accuracy of the monitoring reports and tests submitted to the Agency, and evaluate the validity of the data. The owner or operator may also be required by the Control Officer to take a sample using an approved procedure and submit the results thereof within a reasonable period of time.

Once initiated, a compliance test shall be completed unless interrupted by severe weather, test equipment failure or other conditions beyond control of the facility. Failure to complete a test shall be a violation of the requirement to test, and, in cases where the initial data indicate a non-compliance of the applicable emission standard, the results may be considered a violation of that standard.

2.1.10  Ambient Air and Continuous Emission Monitoring

2.1.10.1  NWCAA 365.1 (2/8/1989)

Any person operating an air contaminant source or an air operating permit source may, at any time, be required to monitor the ambient air, process emissions or conduct emission tests as deemed necessary by the Control Officer under the following provisions:

The Board or Control Officer may require any person operating any source to conduct a monitoring program on site or adjacent off site for emissions, ambient air concentrations or any other pertinent special studies deemed necessary.

All monitoring data shall be submitted in a form which the Board or Control Officer may require. Averaging time and collection periods will be determined by the Control Officer. Failure to record and/or report data as specified in the “Guidelines for Industrial Monitoring Equipment and Data Handling” may be cause for a Notice of Violation to be issued.

All data and records shall be kept for a period of at least one year and made available to the Control Officer upon request.

All required continuous emission monitors or required opacity monitors used to monitor compliance and all instruments used for special studies must meet appropriate EPA performance specifications (40 CFR 60, Appendix B) and shall be calibrated and maintained in accordance with the “Guidelines for Industrial Monitoring Equipment and Data Handling” procedures approved by the Control Officer.

The Control Officer may take such samples and make any tests and investigations deemed necessary to determine the accuracy of the monitoring reports and tests submitted to the NWCAA, and evaluate the validity of the data. The owner or operator may also be required by the Control Officer to take a sample using an approved procedure and submit the results thereof within a reasonable period of time.

The Board or the Control Officer may require additional reasonable monitoring be undertaken at any appropriate time to insure compliance with the NWCAA Regulation.
2.1.10.2  **State Only: NWCAA Section 367 and Appendix A (7/14/2005)**

All ambient air monitors shall be operated and maintained as required by the appropriate Sections of 40 CFR Parts 50 and 58.

A Quality Assurance (QA) manual and station log book shall be kept for all stations. Written calibration and precision/span check procedures shall be included in the QA manual. A station audit shall be conducted by the NWCAA at least once per year.

Unless subject to acid rain regulations (40 CFR Part 72 and 75), all continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS) shall be capable of meeting appropriate EPA performance specifications using procedures outlined in 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix B. CEMS subject to acid rain regulations shall be capable of meeting the specifications outlined in the appropriate section of 40 CFR Part 75.

All CEMS shall be operated in accordance with the appropriate section of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix F, and the operator shall assess the operation of each CEMS daily.

Continuous opacity monitors shall be maintained according to “Recommended Quality Assurance Procedures for Opacity Continuous Monitoring Systems” (EPA 340/1-86-10) and the manufacturer’s procedures. All gaseous CEMS shall be maintained using the QA criteria of 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix F and the manufacturer’s procedures.

Auditing of opacity monitors shall be conducted according to recommended procedures. Data accuracy assessments shall be conducted at least once every calendar quarter for gaseous monitors and at appropriate periodic intervals. Relative Accuracy Test Audits (RATAs), Relative Accuracy Audits (RAAs) and Cylinder Gas Audits (CGAs) shall be employed as described in 40 CFR Part 60 (or 40 CFR Part 75 if the facility is subject to acid rain regulations).

Strip charts and approved data acquisition systems shall be used to capture and store data. All data must be retained for a period of at least five years and be available to the NWCAA upon request.

CEMS are required to maintain greater than 90% data availability on a monthly basis. A supplemental report shall be submitted if during any calendar month a CEMS fails to produce 90% data availability stating the reasons for the low data availability.

The following data shall be submitted to the NWCAA on a monthly basis or according to the applicable standard:

(i)  Time, date, magnitude, and cause of all emissions or temperatures which exceed the applicable standard(s).

(ii) The cause and time periods of any bypass of the air pollution control equipment.

(iii) The cause and time periods of CEM downtime not associated with routine QA or maintenance operations.

(iv) Data availability for each CEM, listed by unit and parameter.

(v)  Supplemental report for system with ≤90% monthly data availability.

(vi) Other data or information as required by the Control Officer.

2.1.11  **Credible Evidence**

40 CFR 51.212(c), 40 CFR 52.12, and 40 CFR 52.33 (2/24/1997)

For the purpose of compliance certifications or establishing whether or not a person has violated or is in violation of this permit, nothing shall preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information relevant to whether a source would have been in
compliance with applicable requirements if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed.

2.2 Permit Terms

2.2.1 Permit Expiration and Renewal

*WAC 173-401-610 (11/4/1993) and WAC 173-401-710 (10/17/2002)*

This permit is issued for a fixed term of five years from date of issuance. Permit expiration terminates the source's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted. A complete permit renewal application shall be submitted to the NWCAA no later than the date established in the permit.

2.2.2 Permit Actions

*WAC 173-401-620(2)(c) (11/4/1993)*

This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened, reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and re-issuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

2.2.3 Emissions Trading

*WAC 173-401-620(2)(g) (11/4/1993)*

No permit revision shall be required, under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes, for changes that are provided for in this permit.

2.2.4 Emission Reduction Credits


An emission reduction credit may be issued and used in accordance with the applicable regulations listed above.

2.2.5 Severability

*WAC 173-401-620(2)(h) (11/4/1993)*

If any provision of this permit is held to be invalid, all unaffected provisions of the permit shall remain in effect and be enforceable.

2.2.6 Permit Appeals


This permit or any conditions in it may be appealed only by filing an appeal with the pollution control hearings board and serving it on the NWCAA within thirty days of receipt. This provision for appeal is separate from and in addition to any federal rights to petition and review under section 505(b) of the FCAA.

2.2.7 Permit Continuation


This permit and all terms and conditions contained therein, including any permit shield provided under WAC 173-401-640, shall not expire until the renewal permit has been issued or denied if
a timely and complete application has been submitted. If a timely and complete application has been submitted, an application shield granted pursuant to WAC 173-401-705(2) shall remain in effect until the renewal permit has been issued or denied.

### 2.2.8 Reopening for Cause

**WAC 173-401-730 (11/4/1993)**

The permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

- **(i)** Additional requirements become applicable to the source with a remaining permit term of three or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed not later than eighteen months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions have been extended pursuant to WAC 173-401-620(2)(j);

- **(ii)** Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the EPA Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit;

- **(iii)** The NWCAA or the EPA Administrator determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit; or

- **(iv)** The NWCAA or the EPA Administrator determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

### 2.2.9 Changes not Requiring Permit Revisions/Off-Permit Changes


The permittee may make the changes described in WAC 173-401-722 and WAC 173-401-724 without revising this permit, provided that the changes satisfy the criteria set forth in those sections.

### 2.2.10 Permit Modifications


This permit may be revised as provided in WAC 173-401-720 (administrative permit amendments) and 173-401-725 (permit modifications).

### 2.2.11 Property Rights


This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

### 2.2.12 Definitions

**NWCAA Section 200 (4/11/2019)**

Particular references to terms not otherwise defined in this permit or the associated Statement of Basis have the meaning assigned to them in the specific regulation being cited. The terms NWCAA, Ecology, and EPA shall mean the Northwest Clean Air Agency, the Washington State Department of Ecology, and the United States Environmental Protection Agency, respectively. FCAA means the Federal Clean Air Act.
2.2.13 Compliance Schedule


The permittee shall continue to comply with all applicable requirements with which the source was in compliance as of the date of permit issuance. The permittee shall meet on a timely basis any applicable requirements that become effective during the permit term.

2.2.14 Permit Fees


The permittee shall pay fees as a condition of this permit in accordance with the NWCAA fee schedule.

2.2.14.2 State Only: NWCAA 322.4 (11/17/2011)

The NWCAA shall assess and collect annual air operating permit fees for sources in its jurisdiction that are required to have Title V Air Operating Permits (excluding sources regulated by WDOE directly). The total fees required to administer the program shall be determined by a workload analysis conducted by NWCAA staff and approved annually by the NWCAA Board of Directors.

2.2.15 Transfer or Permanent Shutdown

2.2.15.1 NWCAA Section 325 (2/14/1973)

Approval to construct a stationary source is not to be transferable from one location to another (outside the plant boundary), from one piece of equipment to another, or from one person to another, except portable sources may retain the same registration so long as they remain within the jurisdiction of the NWCAA.

2.2.15.2 State Only: NWCAA Section 325 (11/8/2007)

Approval to construct a stationary source is not to be transferable from one location to another (outside the plant boundary), from one piece of equipment to another, or from one person to another, except portable sources may retain the same registration so long as they remain within the jurisdiction of the NWCAA and they comply with NWCAA Section 300.

The registered owner or operator shall report the transfer of ownership or permanent shutdown of a registered source to the NWCAA within ninety (90) days of shutdown or transfer. The new owner of a registered source shall file a written report with the NWCAA within ninety (90) days of completing transfer of ownership and/or assuming operational control.

In the case of a permanent shutdown, process and pollution control equipment may remain in place and on site, but shall be rendered incapable of generating emissions to the atmosphere.

2.3 Permit Shield

2.3.1 Shield Requirement


Compliance with a permit condition shall be deemed compliance with the applicable requirements upon which that condition is based, as of the date of permit issuance. The permit shield does not apply to any insignificant emissions unit or activity so designated under WAC 173-401-530.
2.3.2 Inapplicable Requirements  

_WAC 173-401-640(2) (11/4/1993)_

As of the date of permit issuance, the requirements listed in the Inapplicable Requirements section of this permit do not apply to the permittee. The permit shield applies to all requirements so identified.

2.3.3 Exclusions  


Nothing in this section or in this permit shall alter or affect the following:

(i) Provisions of Section 303 of the FCAA (emergency orders), including the authority of the EPA Administrator under that section;

(ii) Liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;

(iii) Ability of EPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 of the FCAA; or

(iv) Ability of the permitting authority to establish or revise requirements for the use of reasonably available control technology (RACT) as provided in RCW 70A.15.2330.

2.3.4 Reasonably Available Control Technology  

2.3.4.1  _WAC 173-401-605(3) (11/4/1993)_

Emission standards and other requirements contained in rules or regulatory orders in effect at the time of operating permit issuance shall be considered RACT for purposes of permit issuance or renewal.

2.3.4.2  _WAC 173-400-040 (3/22/1991)_

All emissions units are required to use RACT which may be determined for some sources or source categories to be more stringent than the applicable emission limitations of any chapter of Title 173 WAC. Where current controls are determined to be less than RACT, Ecology or the NWCAA shall, as provided in section 8, chapter 252, Laws of 1993, define RACT for each source or source category and issue a rule or regulatory order requiring the installation of RACT.

2.3.4.3  _State Only: WAC 173-400-040(1) (9/16/2018)_

All emissions units are required to use RACT which may be determined for some sources or source categories to be more stringent than the applicable emission limitations of any chapter of Title 173 WAC. Where current controls are determined to be less than RACT, the permitting authority shall, as provided in RCW 70A.15.2230, define RACT for each source or source category and issue a rule or regulatory order requiring the installation of RACT.

2.3.4.4  _State Only: NWCAA Section 309 (10/8/2015)_

Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) is required for all existing sources except as otherwise provided in RCW 70A.15.3000(9). Where current controls are determined by the NWCAA to be less than RACT, the NWCAA shall define RACT for that source or source category and issue a rule or an order under NWCAA Section 121 requiring the installation of RACT. Emission standards and other requirements contained in rules or regulatory orders in effect at the time of operating permit issuance shall be considered RACT for purposes of operating permit issuance or renewal.
2.3.5 Emergencies


An emergency, as defined in WAC 173-401-645(1), constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with a technology-based emission limitation if conditions of WAC 173-401-645 (3) and (4) are met. This provision is in addition to the affirmative defense for unavoidable excess emissions found in any applicable requirement.

The permittee shall submit a notice of emergency to the NWCAA within two working days of the time when the emission limitation was exceeded due to an emergency or shorter periods of time specified in an applicable requirement.

2.4 Recordkeeping and Reporting

2.4.1 Compliance Certification

2.4.1.1 WAC 173-401-630(5) (3/5/2016)

The permittee shall submit ongoing certifications of compliance with permit terms and conditions. The first such certification shall cover the period from the last compliance certification until issuance of this permit. The following compliance certification shall cover the period from permit issuance to the end of the calendar year. Subsequent compliance certifications shall be made on a yearly basis. Each certification shall include:

(i) Identification of each term and condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;

(ii) Compliance status;

(iii) Whether the compliance was continuous or intermittent;

(iv) Methods used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period. These methods must be consistent with the permit Monitoring, Recordkeeping, and Reporting requirements.

All compliance certifications shall be submitted to EPA Region 10 and the Northwest Clean Air Agency at the following addresses by February 28 for the previous calendar year:

U.S. EPA, Region 10, Mail Stop: OCE-101 Northwest Clean Air Agency
Attn: Part 70 Operating Permit Program Attn: Air Operating Permits
1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 155 1600 South Second Street
Seattle, WA 98101 Mount Vernon, WA 98273-5202

2.4.1.2 WAC 173-401-520 (11/4/1993)

Any application form, report or compliance certification that is submitted pursuant to this permit shall contain certification by a responsible official of truth, accuracy, and completeness. This certification and any other certification required under this permit shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

2.4.1.3 WAC 173-401-615 (10/17/2002) and -630 (3/5/2016) Directly enforceable under WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c) (10/17/2002)

All required monitoring reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with WAC 173-401-520. Where an applicable requirement requires reporting more frequently than once every six months, the responsible official’s certification need only to be submitted once every six
months, covering all required reporting since the date of the last certification, provided that the certification specifically identifies all documents subject to the certification.

The semiannual certifications shall cover the calendar months of January through June, and July through December.

2.4.1.4  **WAC 173-401-530(2)(d) (10/17/2002)**

Where a permit does not require testing, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting for insignificant emissions units or activities, the permittee may certify continuous compliance if there were no observed, documented, or known instances of noncompliance of an insignificant emission unit during the reporting period. Where an underlying OAC requires testing, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting for insignificant emission units or activities, the permittee may certify continuous compliance when the testing, monitoring and recordkeeping required by the permit revealed no violations during the period, and there were no observed, documented or known instances of noncompliance during the reporting period.

2.4.2 False and Misleading Oral Statement: Unlawful Reproduction or Alteration of Documents

2.4.2.1  **NWCAA Section 112 (7/14/2005)**

No person shall willfully make a false or misleading oral statement to the Board, Control Officer, or their duly authorized representatives as to any matter within the jurisdiction of the Board.

No person shall reproduce or alter or cause to be reproduced or altered any order, registration certificate, or other paper issued by the Agency if the purpose of such reproduction or alteration is to evade or violate any provision or Regulation of this Agency, or any other law.

2.4.3 Required Recordkeeping

2.4.3.1  **WAC 173-401-615(2) (10/17/2002)**

Records of required monitoring information shall include, where applicable, the following:

(i) Date, time, and location of sampling or measurements;
(ii) Operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement; and
(iii) If analyses were performed, the date, company or entity performing the analyses, the analytical techniques or methods used, and the results of such analyses.

A record shall be kept describing changes made that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement, but not otherwise regulated under the permit, and the emissions resulting from those changes.

Records of all required monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit.

2.4.3.2  **WAC 173-401-615 (10/17/2002) and -630 (3/5/2016)**

*Directly enforceable under WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c) (10/17/2002)*

Monitoring and associated recordkeeping are not required when an emission unit is not operating and there are no emissions to the atmosphere unless such monitoring is specifically required by the NWCAA. The facility must record the time periods that a unit is shut down and not monitored, and include the time periods and a summary of why the emission unit was shut down in the periodic report of monitoring required by WAC 173-401-615(3)(a).
2.4.4 Pollutant Disclosure - Reporting by Air Contaminant Sources

2.4.4.1 *NWCAA Section 150 (9/8/1993), WAC 173-400-105(1) (9/20/1993)*

The permittee shall file annually at a time determined by the NWCAA and on forms furnished by the NWCAA a report setting forth:

(i) The nature of the enterprise;

(ii) A list of process materials which are potentially significant sources of emissions used in, and incidental to, its manufacturing processes, including any by-products and waste products;

(iii) An estimated annual total production of wastes discharged into the air in units and contaminants designated by the NWCAA that may include stack and fugitive emissions of particulate matter, PM₁₀, sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, total reduced sulfur compounds (TRS), fluorides, lead, VOCs, and other contaminants.

Annual emission reports shall be submitted to the NWCAA within 105 days after the end of the previous calendar year. If the emission report is not submitted by the required date and the emissions are used to determine operating permit fees as described in NWCAA 324.126 then potential to emit will be used to determine said fees.

The permittee shall maintain records of information necessary to substantiate any reported emissions, consistent with the averaging times for the applicable standards.

2.4.4.2 *State Only: WAC 173-400-105(1) (11/25/2018)*

In addition to the requirements of 2.4.4.1, the permittee shall report PM₂.₅, oxides of nitrogen, and ammonia on forms available from the NWCAA or Ecology. Emission estimates may be based on the most recent published EPA emission factors or other information available to the source, whichever is the better estimate.

2.4.4.3 *State Only: NWCAA Section 150 (11/8/2007)*

Annual emission reports shall be submitted to the NWCAA no later than April 15 of the following calendar year. If the emission report is not submitted by the required date and the emissions are used to determine operating permit fees as described in NWCAA 322.4, then potential to emit may be used to determine said fees.

2.4.5 Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Reporting

2.4.5.1 *State Only: WAC 173-441-030(1), (2), (4), and (5) (3/1/2015)*

GHG reporting is mandatory for:

(i) An owner or operator of any facility listed in WAC 173-441-120 that emits ten thousand metric tons CO₂e or more per calendar year in total GHG emissions as calculated according to WAC 173-441-030(1)(b).

(ii) Any supplier that supplies applicable fuels that are reported to DOL as sold in Washington state of which the complete combustion or oxidation would result in total calendar year emissions of ten thousand metric tons or more of carbon dioxide as calculated according to WAC 173-441-030(2)(b).

A person may choose to voluntarily report to Ecology GHG emissions that are not required to be reported under WAC 173-441-030(1) or (2). Persons voluntarily reporting GHG emissions must use the methods established in WAC 173-441-120(3) and 173-441-130 to calculate any voluntarily reported GHG emissions.
Once a facility or supplier is subject to the requirements of this chapter, the person must continue for each year thereafter to comply with all requirements of this chapter, including the requirement to submit annual GHG reports, even if the facility or supplier does not meet the applicability requirements in WAC 173-441-030(1) or (2) of this section in a future year, except as provided in WAC 173-441-030(5)(a)-(c).

2.4.5.2 **State Only: WAC 173-441-050 (10/16/2016)**

Follow the procedures for emission calculation, monitoring, quality assurance, missing data, recordkeeping, and reporting that are specified in each relevant section of WAC 173-441.

Beginning calendar year 2012 for existing facilities or suppliers, the annual GHG report shall contain the information required per WAC 173-441-050(3) and (4) and be submitted to Ecology no later than:

(i) March 31st of each calendar year for GHG emissions in the previous calendar year if the facility is required to report GHG emissions to the U.S. EPA per 40 CFR 98.

(ii) October 31st of each calendar year for GHG emissions in the previous calendar year if the facility is not required to report GHG emissions to the U.S. EPA per 40 CFR Part 98.

For any facility or supplier that becomes subject to this rule because of a physical or operational change that is made after January 1, 2012, report emissions for the first calendar year in which the change occurs according to WAC 173-441-050(2)(b)(iii)(A) through (C).

Retain all required records for at least three years in a form that is suitable for expeditious inspection and review, including a GHG monitoring plan per WAC 173-441-050(6)(e).

Note: Under WAC 173-401-615(2), records of required monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application.

2.4.5.3 **State Only: WAC 173-441-060 and -070 (3/1/2015)**

Each such submission shall be signed by a representative designated in accordance with WAC 173-441-060 and 40 CFR 3.10 as adopted on October 13, 2005 and shall include the following certification statement signed by the designated representative or any alternate designated representative:

"I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the facility or supplier, as applicable, for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment."

Each GHG report and certificate of representation for a facility or supplier must be submitted electronically in accordance with the requirements of WAC 173-441-050 and 173-441-060 and in a format specified by Ecology.

2.4.5.4 **State Only: WAC 173-441-100 (3/1/2015)**

All requests, notifications, and communications to Ecology pursuant to this chapter, must be submitted in a format as specified by Ecology to either of the following:

(i) Greenhouse Gas Report, Air Quality Program
Department of Ecology
2.4.6 Reporting to Verify Emissions from Potential PSD Sources

State Only: WAC 173-400-720(4)(b)(iii) (7/1/2016)

The owner or operator shall monitor the emissions of any regulated pollutants from all projects for which PSD applicability was determined according to the provisions of 40 CFR 52.21(b)(41)(ii)(a) through (c), and calculate and maintain a record of annual emissions on a calendar year basis.

The owner or operator shall submit a report to NWCAA within 60 days after the end of the year during which records must be generated under paragraph 40 CFR 52.21 (r)(6)(iii) setting out the unit's annual emissions, as monitored pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 (r)(6)(iii), during the calendar year that preceded submission of the report. The report shall include the emissions in tons per year for the project, the baseline actual emissions and the pre-construction projected emissions.

2.4.7 Reporting of Deviations from Permit Conditions

WAC 173-401-615(3)(b) (10/17/2002)

Directly enforceable under WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c) (10/17/2002)

Prompt Reporting of Deviations: The permittee shall promptly report all deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in this permit. The report shall include a description of the probable cause of such deviations, if known, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Prompt means reporting according to the shortest time period listed below which applies to the situation:

(i) In the case where the deviation represents a potential threat to human health or safety “prompt” means as soon as possible, but in no case later than twelve hours after the deviation is discovered. A follow up report on the deviation shall be included in the next monthly report.

(ii) For all other deviations, the deviation shall be reported as part of the next routine monitoring report, but no later than 30 days after the end of the month during which the deviation is discovered, whichever is sooner.

2.4.8 Report of Breakdown and Upset

2.4.8.1 NWCAA 340.1, 340.2 and 340.3 (10/13/1994)

If a breakdown or upset condition occurs which results in or may have resulted in an emission and/or ambient air quality standard being exceeded, the owner or operator of the source shall take the following actions:

(i) The upset or breakdown shall be reported as promptly as possible and in no event later than twelve (12) hours to the NWCAA.

(ii) The person responsible shall, upon the request of the Control Officer, submit a full report within ten (10) days including the known causes, corrective measures taken, and preventive measures to be taken to minimize or eliminate a recurrence.

Compliance with the requirements of this section does not relieve the owner or operator of the source from the responsibility to maintain continuous compliance with all the requirements of the NWCAA Regulation nor from the resulting liabilities for failure to comply.
It shall be prima facie evidence of violation of the NWCAA Regulation if any control equipment or other equipment creating emissions to the atmosphere is turned off, broken down or otherwise inoperative, and a notice of breakdown has not been filed under NWCAA 340.1.

2.4.8.2 State Only: NWCAA 340.1, 340.2 and 340.3 (11/8/2007)

If a breakdown or upset condition occurs which results in or may have resulted in an exceedance of an emission and/or ambient air quality standard, the owner or operator of the source shall take the following actions:

(i) The upset or breakdown shall be reported as promptly as possible and in no event later than twelve (12) hours to the NWCAA.

(ii) The responsible official or his designee shall submit a full report on forms provided by the NWCAA within 30 days after the end of a calendar month in which the upset occurred and must include as a minimum the known causes, corrective action taken, preventive measures put in place to reduce the possibility of or eliminate a recurrence, and an estimate of the quantity of emissions above the applicable limit caused by the event.

In addition to the reporting requirements of the 10/13/94 version of NWCAA Section 340, the permittee must also report to the NWCAA if the emission release to the air requires agency notification as specified in 40 CFR 302 (CERCLA) or 40 CFR 355 (SARA).

It shall be prima facie evidence of violation of the NWCAA Regulation if:

(iii) Any control equipment is turned off, broken down or otherwise inoperative, and a notice of breakdown has not been filed under Section 340.1, or

(iv) Any other equipment creates new or increased emissions to the atmosphere as the result of being turned off, broken down or otherwise inoperative, and a notice of breakdown has not been filed under NWCAA 340.1.

2.4.9 Report of Shutdown or Startup

2.4.9.1 NWCAA Section 341 (9/8/1993)

If the permittee schedules a total or partial shutdown or startup of control or process equipment which may result in emissions or any additional emissions to the atmosphere which may temporarily exceed the emission standards of this Regulation, the permittee shall notify the NWCAA prior to the shutdown or startup.

Prompt notification shall be made and in no event less than 24 hours before the scheduled shutdown or startup. The permittee shall submit a general schedule of steps to be taken to minimize the release of air contaminants to the atmosphere including the reasons for and duration of the proposed shutdown or startup, the nature of the action to be taken, the date and time for the action and an estimate of the anticipated rate and concentration of emission.

Compliance with the requirements of this section does not relieve the owner or operator of the source from the responsibility to maintain continuous compliance with the requirements of this Regulation nor from the resulting liabilities for failure to comply.

2.4.9.2 State Only: NWCAA Section 341 (7/14/2005)

If the permittee schedules a total or partial shutdown or startup of control or process equipment that the source reasonably believes would result in emissions which may temporarily exceed an emission standard of this Regulation, the operator or owner of the source shall notify the NWCAA in advance of the shutdown or startup.

The advanced notification shall include a general schedule of steps to be taken to minimize the release of air contaminants to the atmosphere including the reasons for and duration of the
proposed shutdown or startup, the nature of the action to be taken, the date and time for the action and an estimate of the anticipated rate and concentration of emission.

Compliance with the requirements of this section does not relieve the owner or operator of the source from the responsibility to maintain continuous compliance with the requirements of this Regulation nor from the resulting liabilities for failure to comply.

Excess emissions due to shutdown or startup shall be considered unavoidable, and not subject to penalty, provided the stationary source adequately demonstrates that the excess emissions could not have been prevented through careful planning and design, the emissions did not result in a violation of an ambient air quality standard and if a bypass of control equipment occurs, that such bypass is necessary to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage.

The responsible official or their designee shall submit a full report no later than 30 days after the end of the calendar month in which the shutdown or startup occurred that resulted in an exceedance of an ambient or emission standard of this Regulation. The report shall be submitted on forms provided by the NWCAA and must include, at minimum, the known causes, corrective action taken, preventive measures put in place to reduce the possibility of or eliminate a recurrence, and an estimate of the quantity of emissions above the applicable limit caused by the event.

2.4.10 Operation and Maintenance

2.4.10.1 NWCAA Section 342 (9/8/1993)
Keep all process and/or air pollution control equipment in good operating condition and repair. If a breakdown or upset condition occurs and is determined by the Control Officer to be due to poor operating and maintenance procedures, the Control Officer may take any legal steps necessary to prevent a recurrence of the breakdown or upset condition.

Operation and maintenance instructions and schedules for process and/or control equipment must be available and may be required to be posted on the site. This section is specifically applicable to the operation of equipment where untrained personnel may operate or otherwise have access to or use the equipment.

If a breakdown or violation occurs and is due to the improper operation or maintenance of equipment, the owner or operator of the source will, in addition to filing a report of breakdown under NWCAA Section 340, submit a report if requested by the Control Officer on what measures will be taken in training or re-orienting personnel to prevent a recurrence of the breakdown.

2.4.10.2 State Only: NWCAA Section 342 (7/14/2005)
All air contaminant stationary sources are required to keep any process and/or air pollution control equipment in good operating condition and repair.

Operating instructions and maintenance schedules for process and/or control equipment must be available on site.

2.5 Excess Emissions

2.5.1 Excess Emission

WAC 173-400-107 (9/20/1993) (State Only – 9/16/2018)
The permittee shall have the burden of proving to Ecology or the NWCAA or the decision-making authority in an enforcement action that excess emissions were unavoidable. Excess emissions
determined to be unavoidable under the procedures and criteria of this section shall be excused and not subject to penalty.

Excess emissions which represent a potential threat to human health or safety or which the owner or operator of the source believes to be unavoidable shall be reported to the NWCAA as soon as possible. Other excess emissions shall be reported within thirty days after the end of the month during which the event occurred or as part of the routine emission monitoring reports. Upon request by Ecology or the NWCAA, the permittee shall submit a full written report including the known causes, the corrective actions taken, and the preventive measures to be taken to minimize or eliminate the chance of recurrence.

Excess emissions due to startup or shutdown conditions shall be considered unavoidable provided the source reports as required and adequately demonstrates that the excess emissions could not have been prevented through careful planning and design and if a bypass of control equipment occurs, that such bypass is necessary to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage.

Excess emissions due to scheduled maintenance shall be considered unavoidable provided the source reports as required and adequately demonstrates that the excess emissions could not have been prevented through reasonable design, better scheduling for maintenance or through better operation and maintenance practices.

Excess emissions due to upsets shall be considered unavoidable provided the source reports as required and adequately demonstrates that:

(i) The event was not caused by poor or inadequate design, operation, maintenance, or any other reasonably preventable condition;

(ii) The event was not of a recurring pattern indicative of inadequate design, operation, or maintenance; and

(iii) The permittee took immediate and appropriate corrective action in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions during the event, taking into account the total emissions impact of the corrective action, including slowing or shutting down the emission unit as necessary to minimize emissions, when the operator knew or should have known that an emission standard or permit condition was being exceeded.

2.5.2 Excess Emissions Due to Breakdowns, Upsets, Startup, or Shutdown

State Only: NWCAA 340.4 (11/8/2007) and 341.4 (7/14/2005)

Excess emissions due to breakdowns and upsets shall be considered unavoidable, and not subject to penalty, provided the stationary source adequately demonstrates that:

(i) The event was not caused by poor or inadequate design, operation, maintenance, or any other reasonably preventable condition;

(ii) The event was not of a recurring pattern indicative of inadequate design, operation, or maintenance;

(iii) The operator took immediate and appropriate corrective action in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice; and

(iv) The emissions did not result in a violation of an ambient air quality standard.

Excess emissions due to shutdown or startup shall be considered unavoidable, and not subject to penalty, provided the stationary source adequately demonstrates that the excess emissions could not have been prevented through careful planning and design, the emissions did not result in a violation of an ambient air quality standard and if a bypass of control equipment occurs,
that such bypass is necessary to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage.

2.6 **Duty to Supplement or Correct Information**

*WAC 173-401-500(6) (10/17/2002)*

Upon becoming aware that the source failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or that information submitted in a permit application is incorrect, the source shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information.

2.7 **Prohibitions**

2.7.1 **Concealment and Masking**

*WAC 173-400-040(7) (3/22/1991)*  
*State Only: WAC 173-400-040(8) (9/16/2018)*

No person shall cause or permit the installation or use of any means which conceals or masks an emission of an air contaminant which would otherwise violate any provisions of this chapter.

*State Only: NWCAA Section 540 (1/8/1969)*

It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully cause or permit the installation or use of any device or use of any means which, without resulting in a reduction in the total amount of air contaminant emitted, conceals an emission of air contaminant which would otherwise violate the emission standards of this Regulation.

It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or permit the installation or use of any device or use of any means designed to mask the emission of an air contaminant, which causes detriment to health, safety, or welfare of any person.

2.7.2 **Adjustment for Atmospheric Conditions**

*WAC 173-400-205 (3/22/1991)*

The permittee shall not vary the rate of emission of a pollutant according to atmospheric conditions or ambient concentrations of that pollutant except as directed according to air pollution episode regulations.

2.7.3 **Outdoor Burning**


No person shall conduct outdoor burning during an air pollution episode or a declared period of impaired air quality. Except as provided in WAC 173-425-055, the following materials shall not be burned in any open fire: (1) garbage, (2) dead animals, (3) asphaltic products, (4) waste petroleum products, (5) paints, (6) rubber products, (7) plastics, (8) treated wood, and (9) any substance, other than natural vegetation, which normally emits dense smoke or obnoxious odors.


No person shall conduct outdoor burning except in accordance with the applicable regulations listed above. Outdoor burning shall be conducted under a valid fire permit and shall not contain prohibited materials, unless specifically exempted. Emissions from burning shall not create a nuisance and/or interfere with visibility on any public road.
2.7.4 Asbestos

2.7.4.1  **State Only: NWCAA Section 570 (9/11/2014)**

The permittee shall conduct all renovation or demolition projects in accordance with the applicable asbestos control standards listed in NWCAA Section 570.

2.7.4.2  **40 CFR 61.145 (4/7/1993), 61.148 (11/20/1990) and 61.150 (9/18/2003)**

The permittee shall comply with 40 CFR Sections 61.145, 61.148 and 61.150 when conducting any renovation or demolition at the facility.

2.7.5 Stratospheric Ozone and Climate Protection

2.7.5.1  **40 CFR 82 Subpart F (12/27/2017)**

The permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction in accordance with the requirements listed in 40 CFR 82 Subpart F.

2.7.5.2  **State Only: RCW 70A.15.6410 (1991 c 199 § 602)**

A person who services, repairs or disposes of a motor vehicle air conditioning system; commercial or industrial air conditioning, heating, or refrigeration system; or consumer appliance shall use refrigerant extraction equipment to recover regulated refrigerant that would otherwise be released into the atmosphere. This subsection does not apply to off-road commercial equipment.

The willful release of regulated refrigerant from a source listed in this section is prohibited.

2.7.6 Display of Orders, Certificates and Other Notices: Removal or Mutilation Prohibited

**NWCAA Section 124 (7/14/2005)**

Any order, registration certificate, or other certificate obtained by the Regulations of the NWCAA shall be available on the premises designated on the order or certificate. If the NWCAA requires a notice to be displayed, it shall be posted. No one shall mutilate, obstruct or remove any notice unless authorized to do so by the NWCAA.

2.7.7 Obstruction of Access

**State Only: RCW 70A.15.2500 (1987 c 109 § 38)**

The permittee shall not obstruct, hamper or interfere with any authorized representative of the NWCAA who requests entry for the purposes of inspection and who presents appropriate credential; nor shall any person obstruct, hamper, or interfere with any such inspection.

2.7.8 False Statement, Representation or Certification

**State Only: WAC 173-400-105(6) (11/25/2018)**

No person shall make any false material statement, representation or certification in any form, notice or report required under chapter 70A.15 or 70.120 RCW, or any ordinance, resolution, regulation, permit, or order in force pursuant thereto.

2.7.9 Inaccurate Monitoring

**State Only: WAC 173-400-105(8) (11/25/2018)**

No person shall render inaccurate any monitoring device or method required under chapter 70A.15 or 70.120 RCW, or any ordinance, resolution, regulation, permit, or order in force pursuant thereto.
2.7.10 Prevention of Accidental Release

40 CFR 68 (12/3/2018)

Should this stationary source, as defined in 40 CFR Section 68.3, become subject to the accidental release prevention regulations in part 68, then the owner or operator shall submit a risk management plan (RMP) by the date specified in Section 68.10 and shall certify compliance with the requirements of Part 68 as part of the annual compliance certification as required by 40 CFR Part 70.

2.7.11 Cutback Asphalt Paving

NWCAA 580.7 (4/14/1993)

The application of cutback asphalt in paving during the months of June, July, August and September is limited to use as prime coatings and patch mixes, or when the temperature is less than 50°F.

2.7.12 Creditable Stack Height and Dispersion Techniques

WAC 173-400-200 (2/10/2005)

For stacks for which construction or reconstruction commenced, or for which major modifications were carried out, after December 31, 1970, no source may use dispersion techniques or excess stack height to meet ambient air quality standards or PSD increment limitations.

2.8 Notice of Construction and Application for Approval/New Source Review

2.8.1 Minor New Source Review (NSR)

2.8.1.1 NWCAA Sections 300, 303 (4/11/2019), 324.2 (10/13/1994), WAC 173-400-111 (7/1/2016), and -113 (12/29/2012)

A Notice of Construction application must be filed by the owner or operator, all fees paid, and an Order of Approval issued by the NWCAA prior to beginning actual construction of any new source or making any modification, except for those emissions units exempt under NWCAA 300.3 or 300.4, a temporary source operating under NWCAA 300.17, or an emissions unit covered under a General Order of Approval and operating in accordance with NWCAA 300.16.


A Notice of Construction application must be filed by the owner or operator and an Order of Approval issued by the NWCAA prior to the establishment of any new source in accordance with the cited regulations. For purposes of this section “establishment” shall mean to “begin actual construction” as that phrase is defined in NWCAA Section 200, and “new source” shall include any “modification” to an existing “stationary source” as those terms are defined in NWCAA Section 200.

2.8.2 Nonroad Engines

State Only: NWCAA Section 304 (4/11/2019)

This section applies to nonroad engines, as defined in NWCAA Section 200. Nonroad engines are not subject to new source review, control technology determinations, or emission limits set by the state implementation plan, or WAC 173-460.
Nonroad engines must use ultra-low sulfur diesel or ultra-low sulfur bio-diesel, gasoline, natural gas, propane, liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen, ethanol, methanol, or liquefied/compressed natural gas.

For each nonroad engine as specified in this section greater than 500 brake horsepower (bhp), the owner or operator must notify NWCAA within 15 calendar days prior to surpassing the engine remaining at a facility for 12 consecutive months. This notification must include the make, model, serial number, rating, fuel type, date the engine was brought to the facility, and engine function or purpose.

2.8.3 General Order

State Only: WAC 173-400-560 (12/29/2012) and NWCAA 121.4 (3/14/2013)

An owner or operator may apply for an applicable general order for approval to construct certain specified sources as defined in WAC 173-400-560. A general order of approval shall identify criteria by which an emission unit or source may qualify for coverage under a general order of approval and shall include terms and conditions for installing and/or operating the source.

2.8.4 Requirements to Comply

NWCAA 300.13 (4/11/2019)

It shall be unlawful for an owner or operator of a source or emission unit to not abide by the operating and reporting conditions in the Order of Approval.

2.8.5 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)

WAC 173-400-117 (12/29/2012)


A Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) permit application must be filed by the owner or operator and a PSD permit issued by Ecology prior to the establishment of any new source in accordance with the cited regulations. No major stationary source or major modification as defined in the cited regulation shall begin actual construction without having received a PSD permit. Allowable emissions from the proposed major stationary source or major modification shall not cause or contribute to a violation of any ambient air quality standard.

An applicant for a PSD permit must submit an application that provides complete information for Department of Ecology to determine compliance with all PSD program requirements. Detailed procedures for submitting a complete application, for public review and involvement, and for revisions to an existing PSD permit are provided in the cited regulations (WAC 173-400-700 through 750).

2.8.6 Replacement or Substantial Alteration of Control Technology at an Existing Source

State Only: NWCAA 300.25 (4/11/2019)

Any person proposing to replace or substantially alter emission control technology installed on an existing stationary source or emission unit shall file a Notice of Construction application with the NWCAA.
2.8.7 Major Stationary Source and Major Modification in a Nonattainment Area


WAC 173-400-800 through 173-400-860 apply statewide except where a permitting authority has a permitting program for major stationary sources in a nonattainment area incorporated into the Washington state implementation plan as replacement for these sections.

These requirements apply to any new major stationary source or major modification of an existing major stationary source located in a designated nonattainment area that is major for the pollutant or pollutants for which the area is designated as not in attainment of one or more national ambient air quality standards.

2.9 Greenhouse Gas Regulation


Greenhouse gases (GHGs), the air pollutant defined in 40 CFR 86.1818-12(a) as the aggregate group of six greenhouse gases: Carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, methane, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride, shall not be subject to regulation under this chapter unless, as of January 2, 2011, the GHG emissions are at a stationary source emitting or having the potential to emit 100,000 tpy CO₂ equivalent emissions and the source is otherwise required to have an operating permit.

The term "tpy (tons per year) CO₂ equivalent emissions" (CO₂e) shall represent an amount of GHGs emitted, and shall be computed by multiplying the mass amount of emissions (tpy), for each of the six greenhouse gases in the pollutant GHGs, by the gas's associated global warming potential published at Table A-1 to subpart A of 40 CFR Part 98 - Global Warming Potentials, and summing the resultant value for each to compute a tpy CO₂e.

"Subject to regulation" means, for any air pollutant, that the pollutant is subject to either a provision in the FCAA, or a nationally applicable regulation codified by EPA in subchapter C of 40 CFR chapter 1 (in effect on October 6, 2010), that requires actual control of the quantity of emissions of that pollutant, and that such a control requirement has taken effect and is operative to control, limit or restrict the quantity of emissions of that pollutant released from the regulated activity.
SECTION 3  STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR NSPS AND NESHAP

Standard terms and conditions are administrative and/or other requirements that typically have no ongoing compliance monitoring requirements. The permittee must comply with the requirements listed below for specific “affected facilities” as defined in the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) in 40 CFR Part 60.2, “affected sources” defined in the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) in 40 CFR Part 63.2, and owners or operators of any stationary source for which a standard is prescribed under 40 CFR Part 61. The affected facilities, affected sources, and stationary sources subject to these requirements are identified in Section 5 of the permit. The conditions in this section do not apply generally to all emission units at the facility. Some requirements from the regulations cited in this section of the permit have been paraphrased for brevity. For all conditions in this section, the language of the cited regulation takes precedence over a paraphrased requirement.

The EPA delegates NSPS and NESHAP implementation and enforcement authority to NWCAA on a periodic basis. Some conditions in this section cite the NSPS delegation letter or the NESHAP delegation letter from EPA Region 10 to NWCAA because the letter clarifies certain Federal requirements. For example, the delegation letters state that NWCAA shall be the recipient of all notifications and reports and be the point of contact for questions and compliance issues regarding delegated standards. The delegation letters also specify the extent of NSPS and NESHAP delegation to the NWCAA. Current delegation letters are available for review on the NWCAA website and at the NWCAA office.

Some of the terms and conditions cited below refer to the “Administrator”. For delegated NSPS and NESHAP requirements, “Administrator” means NWCAA; for NSPS and NESHAP requirements that have not been delegated to NWCAA, “Administrator” means the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

All of the federal regulations listed in Section 3 have been adopted by reference in Section 104.2 of the NWCAA Regulation. NWCAA 104.2 was last amended by the agency on May 14, 2020.

3.1 Part 60 – New Source Performance Standard Requirements

3.1.1 Address for Reports, Notifications, and Submittals

40 CFR 60.4(a) and (b) (4/25/1975) (as amended by Delegation Letter dated 8/5/2019 from Krishna Viswanathan, Director of the Office of Air and Waste, EPA Region 10 to Mark Buford, Director of NWCAA)

Notifications, reports, and applications for delegated New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) shall be sent to the NWCAA at the following address:

Northwest Clean Air Agency
1600 S. Second Street
Mount Vernon, WA 98273-5202

Notifications, reports, and applications under NSPS authorities that have been excluded from delegation shall be submitted to the EPA at the following address:

U.S. EPA Region 10
Director, Air and Waste Management Division
1200 Sixth Avenue OAQ-107
Seattle, WA 98101
3.1.2 Notification

40 CFR 60.7(a) (2/12/1999) (as amended by Delegation Letter dated 8/5/2019 from Krishna Viswanathan, Director of the Office of Air and Waste, EPA Region 10 to Mark Buford, Director of NWCAA)

Furnish written notification to the Administrator of the following:

(i) The date construction (or reconstruction as defined by 40 CFR 60.15) of an affected facility commenced postmarked no later than 30 days after such date.

(ii) Notification of the actual date of initial startup of an affected facility postmarked within 15 days after such date.

(iii) Notification of any physical or operational change to an existing facility which may increase the emission rate of any air pollutant to which a standard applies, unless that change is specifically exempted under an applicable subpart or in 40 CFR 60.14(e). This notice shall be postmarked 60 days or as soon as practicable before the change is commenced and shall include information describing the precise nature of the change, present and proposed emission control systems, productive capacity of the facility before and after the change, and the expected completion date of the change.

(iv) Notification of the date upon which demonstration of the continuous monitoring system performance commences in accordance with 40 CFR 60.13(c). Notification shall be postmarked not less than 30 days prior to such date.

(v) Notification of the anticipated date for conducting the opacity observations required by 40 CFR 60.11(e)(1) of this part. The notification shall be postmarked not less than 30 days prior to such date.

(vi) Notification that continuous opacity monitoring system data results will be used to determine compliance with the applicable opacity standard during a performance test required by 60.8 in lieu of Method 9 observation data as allowed by 40 CFR 60.11(e)(5) of this part. This notification shall be postmarked not less than 30 days prior to the date of the performance test.

3.1.3 Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Records

3.1.3.1 40 CFR 60.7(b) (2/12/1999)

Maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility; any malfunction of the air pollution control equipment; or any periods during which a continuous monitoring system or monitoring device is inoperative.

3.1.3.2 40 CFR 60.8(c) (8/30/2016)

Operations during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction shall not constitute representative conditions for the purpose of a performance test nor shall emissions in excess of the level of the applicable emission limit during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction be considered a violation of the applicable emission limit unless otherwise specified in the applicable standard.

3.1.4 Excess Emission Records

3.1.4.1 40 CFR 60.7(c) and (d) (2/12/1999) (as amended by Delegation Letter dated 8/5/2019 from Krishna Viswanathan, Director of the Office of Air and Waste, EPA Region 10 to Mark Buford, Director of NWCAA)

Each owner or operator required to install a continuous monitoring device shall submit excess emissions and monitoring systems performance report (as defined in applicable subparts)
and/or summary report form (see 60.7(d)) to the Administrator semiannually, except when: more frequent reporting is specifically required in any subpart; or the Administrator determines that more frequent reporting is necessary. All reports shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each six-month period. Written reports of excess emissions shall include the information in 40 CFR 60.7(c)(1) through (4).

3.1.5 Maintenance of Records

40 CFR 60.7(f) (2/12/1999)
Maintain a file of all measurements, including continuous monitoring system, monitoring device, and performance testing measurements; all continuous monitoring system performance evaluations; all continuous monitoring system or monitoring device calibration checks; adjustments and maintenance performed on these systems or devices; and all other information required by this part recorded in a permanent form suitable for inspection. The file shall be retained for at least two years following the date of such measurements, maintenance, reports, and records, except as described in 60.7(f)(1) through (3).

Note: Under WAC 173-401-615(2), records of required monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application.

3.1.6 Performance Tests

40 CFR 60.8(a), (d), (e), and (f) (8/30/2016)
Within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the affected facility will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of such facility, or at such other times specified by this part, and at such other times as may be required by the Administrator under section 114 of the Act, the owner or operator of such facility shall conduct performance test(s) and furnish the Administrator a written report of the results of such performance test(s), except as specified in paragraphs (a)(1),(a)(2), (a)(3), and (a)(4) of this section.

The owner or operator of an affected facility shall provide the Administrator at least 30 days prior notice of any performance test, except as specified under other subparts, to afford the Administrator the opportunity to have an observer present. If after 30 days notice for an initially scheduled performance test, there is a delay (due to operational problems, etc.) in conducting the scheduled performance test, the owner or operator of an affected facility shall notify the Administrator as soon as possible of any delay in the original test date, either by providing at least 7 days prior notice of the rescheduled date of the performance test, or by arranging a rescheduled date with the Administrator by mutual agreement.

The owner or operator of an affected facility shall provide performance testing facilities as follows:

(i) Sampling ports adequate for test methods applicable to such facility.
(ii) Safe sampling platform(s).
(iii) Safe access to sampling platform(s).
(iv) Utilities for sampling and testing equipment.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable subpart, each performance test shall consist of three separate runs using the applicable test method. Each run shall be conducted for the time and under the conditions specified in the applicable standard. For the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard, the arithmetic means of results of the three runs shall apply.
Unless otherwise specified in a relevant standard or test method, or as otherwise approved by the Administrator in writing, the report for a performance test shall include:

(v) Facility mailing address, physical address, owner or operator or responsible official (where applicable) and his/her email address, and the appropriate Federal Registry System (FRS) number for the facility.

(vi) Applicable regulation(s) requiring the test, the pollutant(s) and other parameters being measured, the applicable emission standard and any process parameter component, and a brief process description.

(vii) Description of the emission unit tested including fuel burned, control devices, and vent characteristics; the appropriate source classification code (SCC); the permitted maximum process rate (where applicable); and the sampling location.

(viii) Description of sampling and analysis procedures used and any modifications to standard procedures, quality assurance procedures and results, record of process operating conditions that demonstrate the applicable test conditions are met, and values for any operating parameters for which limits were being set during the test.

(ix) Where a test method requires you record or report, the following shall be included: Record of preparation of standards, record of calibrations, raw data sheets for field sampling, raw data sheets for field and laboratory analyses, chain-of-custody documentation, and example calculations for reported results.

(x) Identification of the company conducting the performance test including the primary office address, telephone number, and the contact for this test program including his/her email address.

3.1.7 Test Method Performance Audit

40 CFR 60.8(g) (8/30/2016)

Performance testing shall include a test method performance audit (PA) during the performance test, as specified in 40 CFR 60.8(g).

The source owner, operator, or representative of the tested facility shall obtain an audit sample, if commercially available, from an AASP for each test method used for regulatory compliance purposes. See 40 CFR 60.8(g)(1) for a list of test methods excluded from this requirement.

If the source owner, operator, or representative cannot find an audit sample for a specific method, the owner, operator, or representative shall consult the EPA Web site at the following URL, https://www.epa.gov/emc/emc-technical-support#audit, to confirm whether there is a source that can supply an audit sample for that method. If the EPA Web site does not list an available audit sample at least 60 days prior to the beginning of the compliance test, the source owner, operator, or representative shall not be required to include an audit sample as part of the quality assurance program for the compliance test.

The source owner, operator, or representative shall report the results for the audit sample along with a summary of the emission test results for the audited pollutant to the compliance authority and shall report the results of the audit sample to the AASP. The source owner, operator, or representative shall make both reports at the same time and in the same manner or shall report to the compliance authority first and then report to the AASP.

3.1.8 Compliance with Opacity Standards

40 CFR 60.11(b) and (c) (10/17/00)

Compliance with opacity standards in 40 CFR Part 60 shall be determined by EPA Method 9 in Appendix A. For purposes of determining initial compliance, the minimum total time of
observations shall be 3 hours (30 6-minute averages) for the performance test. The opacity standards set forth in this part shall apply at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, malfunction, and as otherwise provided in the applicable standard.

3.1.9 Operation and Maintenance

40 CFR 60.11(d) (10/17/2000)
At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, owners and operators shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any affected facility, including associated air pollution control equipment, in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions.

3.1.10 Credible Evidence

40 CFR 60.11(g) (10/17/2000)
For the purpose of submitting compliance certifications or establishing whether or not a person has violated or is in violation of any standard in this part, nothing in this part shall preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information, relevant to whether a source would have been in compliance with applicable requirements if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed.

3.1.11 Circumvention

40 CFR 60.12 (3/8/1974)
No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment or process, the use of which conceals an emission which would otherwise constitute a violation of an applicable standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to, the use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with an opacity standard or a standard which is based on the concentration of a pollutant in the gases discharged to the atmosphere.

3.1.12 Monitoring Requirements

40 CFR 60.13 (6/30/2016)
All continuous monitoring systems required under applicable subparts shall be subject to the provisions of this section upon promulgation of performance specifications for continuous monitoring systems under appendix B to part 60 and, if the continuous monitoring system is used to demonstrate compliance with emission limits on a continuous basis, appendix F to part 60, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart or by the Administrator.

The owner or operator of an affected facility shall conduct a performance evaluation of the continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) during any performance test required under §60.8 or within 30 days thereafter in accordance with the applicable performance specification in appendix B of this part, or at such other times as may be required by the Administrator under section 114 of the Act. The owner or operator of an affected facility shall furnish the Administrator within 60 days of completion a written report of the results of the performance evaluation.

Owners and operators of a CEMS installed in accordance with the provisions of this part, must check the zero (or low level value between 0 and 20 percent of span value) and span (50 to 100 percent of span value) calibration drifts at least once daily in accordance with a written procedure. The zero and span must, as a minimum, be adjusted whenever either the 24-hour zero drift or the 24-hour span drift exceeds two times the limit of the applicable performance
specification in appendix B of this part. The system must allow the amount of the excess zero and span drift to be recorded and quantified whenever specified.

Except for system breakdowns, repairs, calibration checks, and zero and span adjustments required under this section, all continuous monitoring systems for measuring emissions, except opacity, shall be in continuous operation and shall complete a minimum of one cycle of operation (sampling, analyzing, and data recording) for each successive 15-minute period.

Owners or operators of continuous monitoring systems for pollutants other than opacity shall reduce all data to 1-hour averages for time periods as defined in §60.2.

For continuous monitoring systems other than opacity, 1-hour averages shall be computed according to paragraphs (h)(2)(i) through (h)(2)(ix), except that the provisions pertaining to the validation of partial operating hours are only applicable for affected facilities that are required by the applicable subpart to include partial hours in the emission calculations.

### 3.1.13 Modification


Except as provided under paragraphs (e) and (f) of this section, any physical or operational change to an existing facility which results in an increase in the emission rate to the atmosphere of any pollutant to which a standard applies shall be considered a modification within the meaning of section 111 of the Act. Upon modification, an existing facility shall become an affected facility for each pollutant to which a standard applies and for which there is an increase in the emission rate to the atmosphere.

Within 180 days of the completion of any physical or operational change subject to the control measures specified in paragraph (a) of this section, compliance with all applicable standards must be achieved.

### 3.1.14 Deadlines for Importing or Installing Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines Produced in Previous Model Years for 40 CFR 60 Subpart III

**40 CFR 60.4200(a)(4) and 60.4208(a), (b), (h), (i) (6/28/11)**

For owners and operators of stationary compression ignition (CI) internal combustion engines (ICE) that commenced construction after July 11, 2005, it is prohibited to import stationary CI ICE with a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder that do not meet the following requirements by the specified dates:

- After December 31, 2008, owners and operators may not install stationary CI ICE (excluding fire pump engines) that do not meet the applicable requirements for 2007 model year engines.
- After December 31, 2009, owners and operators may not install stationary CI ICE with a maximum engine power of less than 19 kW (25 hp) (excluding fire pump engines) that do not meet the applicable requirements for 2008 model year engines.
- After December 31, 2014, owners and operators may not install non-emergency stationary CI ICE with a maximum engine power of greater than or equal to 19 kW (25 hp) and less than 56 kW (75 hp) that do not meet the applicable requirements for 2013 model year non-emergency engines.
- After December 31, 2013, owners and operators may not install non-emergency stationary CI ICE with a maximum engine power of greater than or equal to 56 kW
(75 hp) and less than 130 kW (175 hp) that do not meet the applicable requirements for 2012 model year non-emergency engines.

- After December 31, 2012, owners and operators may not install non-emergency stationary CI ICE with a maximum engine power of greater than or equal to 130 kW (175 hp), including those above 560 kW (750 hp), that do not meet the applicable requirements for 2011 model year non-emergency engines.

- After December 31, 2016, owners and operators may not install non-emergency stationary CI ICE with a maximum engine power of greater than or equal to 560 kW (750 hp) that do not meet the applicable requirements for 2015 model year non-emergency engines.

- After December 31, 2018, owners and operators may not install non-emergency stationary CI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 600 kW (804 hp) and less than 2,000 kW (2,680 hp) and a displacement of greater than or equal to 10 liters per cylinder and less than 30 liters per cylinder that do not meet the applicable requirements for 2017 model year non-emergency engines.

The requirements of this section do not apply to stationary CI ICE that have been modified or reconstructed, and do not apply to engines that were removed from one existing location and reinstalled at a new location.

3.2 Part 63 – National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant Requirements

3.2.1 Applicability

40 CFR 63.1 (11/19/2020), 40 CFR 63.10(b)(3) (11/19/2020)

Requirements apply to both HAP major and area sources, as noted in each relevant subpart. Major and area sources are defined in 40 CFR 63.2. Each relevant subpart in 40 CFR 63 identifies explicitly whether each provision of Subpart A is, or is not, included in such relevant standard.

Beginning on January 19, 2021, a major source may become an area source at any time upon reducing its emissions of HAP to below the major source thresholds established in 40 CFR 63.2. The source is subject to the standards, compliance dates and notification requirements specified in 40 CFR 63.1(c)(6)(i)(A).

3.2.2 Prohibited Activities and Circumvention


No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part must operate any affected source in violation of the requirements of this part. Affected sources subject to and in compliance with either an extension of compliance or an exemption from compliance is not in violation of the requirements of this part. An extension of compliance can be granted by the Administrator under this part; by a State with an approved permit program; or by the President under Section 112(i)(4) of the Act.

No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall fail to keep records, notify, report, or revise reports as required under this part.

No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment, or process to conceal an emission that would otherwise constitute noncompliance with a relevant standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to –
(i) The use of diluents to achieve compliance with a relevant standard based on the concentration of a pollutant in the effluent discharged to the atmosphere;

(ii) The use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with a relevant standard for visible emissions.

Fragmentation after November 15, 1990 which divides ownership of an operation, within the same facility among various owners where there is no real change in control, will not affect applicability. The owner and operator must not use fragmentation or phasing of reconstruction activities (i.e., intentionally dividing reconstruction into multiple parts for purposes of avoiding new source requirements) to avoid becoming subject to new source requirements.

3.2.3 Requirements for Existing, Newly Constructed, and Reconstructed 40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPs Sources


A new affected source for which construction commences after proposal of a relevant standard is subject to relevant standards for new affected sources, including compliance dates. An affected source for which reconstruction commences after proposal of a relevant standard is subject to relevant standards for new sources, including compliance dates, irrespective of any change in emissions of hazardous air pollutants from that source.

After the effective date of any relevant standard promulgated by the Administrator under this part, no person may, without obtaining written approval in advance from the Administrator in accordance with the procedures in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this Part 63.5, do any of the following:

(i) Construct a new affected source that is major-emitting and subject to such standard;

(ii) Reconstruct an affected source that is major-emitting and subject to such standard; or

(iii) Reconstruct a major source such that the source becomes an affected source that is major-emitting and subject to the standard.

After the effective date of any relevant standard promulgated by the Administrator under this part, an owner or operator who constructs a new affected source that is not major-emitting or reconstructs an affected source that is not major-emitting that is subject to such standard, or reconstructs a source such that the source becomes an affected source subject to the standard, must notify the Administrator of the intended construction or reconstruction. The notification must be submitted in accordance with the applicable procedures in 63.9(b).

After the effective date of any relevant standard promulgated by the Administrator under this part, equipment added (or a process change) to an affected source that is within the scope of the definition of affected source under the relevant standard must be considered part of the affected source and subject to all provisions of the relevant standard established for that affected source.

3.2.4 Extension of Compliance for Early Reductions and Other Reductions

40 CFR 63.6(i) (11/19/2020) and 63.9(c) (11/19/2020)

Until a compliance extension has been granted by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) under this paragraph, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to the requirements of this section shall comply with this part’s applicable requirements. A compliance extension may be possible if a request for extension of compliance meets 63.6(i)(3) through 63.6(i)(6).
3.2.5 Address for Reports, Notifications and Submittals

40 CFR 63.9(a) (11/19/2020), 63.10(a) (11/19/2020), 63.12(c) (11/19/2020), 63.13 (11/19/2020), (as amended by Delegation Letter dated 8/5/2019 from Krishna Viswanathan, Director of the Office of Air and Waste, EPA Region 10 to Mark Buford, Director of NWCAA)

Notifications, reports, and applications for delegated Part 63 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) shall be sent to the NWCAA at the following address:

Northwest Clean Air Agency
1600 South Second Street
Mount Vernon, WA 98273-5202

Notifications, reports, and applications under NESHAP authorities that have been excluded from delegation shall be submitted to the EPA at the following address, or to Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI), if required by the relevant subpart:

U.S. EPA Region 10
Director, Office of Air Quality
1200 Sixth Avenue (OAQ-107)
Seattle, WA 98101

Regardless of delegation status, all information required to be submitted to CEDRI by a relevant subpart must be submitted to CEDRI. All information required to be submitted to the EPA under this part shall also be submitted to NWCAA.

3.2.6 Notification

Notification Requirements for New or Reconstructed Part 63 NESHAP Sources
40 CFR 63.9(b)(4) (11/19/2020)

The owner or operator of a new or reconstructed major affected source for which an application for approval of construction or reconstruction is required under 63.5(d) must provide the following information in writing to the Administrator:

(i) A notification of intention to construct a new major-emitting affected source, reconstruct a major-emitting affected source, or reconstruct a major source such that the source becomes a major-emitting affected source with the application for approval of construction or reconstruction as specified in 63.5(d)(1)(i); and

(ii) A notification of the actual date of startup of the source delivered or postmarked within 15 calendar days after that date.

3.2.7 Recordkeeping

Recordkeeping for Part 63 NESHAP Sources 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1) 11/11/2020

The owner or operator of an affected source shall maintain files of all information (including all reports and notifications) required by this part recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. The files shall be retained for at least 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report or record. At a minimum, the most recent 2 years of data shall be retained on site. The remaining 3 years of data may be retained off site. Such files may be maintained on microfilm, on a computer, on computer floppy disks, on magnetic tape disks, or on microfiche.
3.2.8 General Compliance Requirements for 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ

40 CFR 63.6605 (1/30/13), NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)

Comply with the emission limitations and operating limitations in 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ that apply at all times.

At all times, operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.
SECTION 4  GENERALLY APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

The cited requirements in the “Citation” column and incorporated herein by reference are applicable plant-wide at the source, including insignificant emission units. These requirements are federally enforceable unless identified as “State Only”. A requirement designated “State Only” is enforceable only by the NWCAA, and not by the EPA or through citizen suits. “State Only” WAC citations are enforceable by NWCAA because they are adopted by reference in NWCAA 104.1, as amended May 14, 2020. All of the federal regulations listed in Section 4 have been adopted by reference in NWCAA 104.2, as amended May 14, 2020.

The “Description” column is a brief description of the applicable requirements for informational purposes only and is not enforceable. Periodic or continuous monitoring requirements (including testing) are specified in the “Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting” column, which identifies monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting (MR&R) obligations the source must perform as required by the underlying requirement or by WAC 173-401-605(1) or -615. MR&R obligations do not apply to insignificant emission units.

The requirements in the MR&R column labeled as "Directly Enforceable-Gapfill” are legally enforceable requirements added under the NWCAA’s “gap-filling” authority (WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c), (10/17/02)). The requirements in the MR&R column labeled as “Directly Enforceable-Sufficiency” are legally enforceable requirements added under the NWCAA’s “sufficiency monitoring” authority (WAC 173-401-630(1)). Other requirements not labeled "Directly Enforceable” are brief descriptions of the regulatory requirements for information purposes, and are not enforceable. Unless the text of the MR&R column is specifically identified to be directly enforceable, the language of the cited regulation takes precedence over a paraphrased requirement.

MR&R requirements noted as “CAM” are part of the Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Plan for the specified unit(s) as required by 40 CFR 64.6(c) (10/22/97). If CAM is required, the CAM plan submitted by the facility per 40 CFR 64.4 will be included in the Statement of Basis document accompanying this permit.
### Table 4-1 Generally Applicable Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Term</th>
<th>Citation</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Monitoring, Recordkeeping, &amp; Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.1 General</td>
<td>WAC 173-401-615(3) (10/17/2002) 40 CFR 60 Subpart A 60.19(c) (2/12/1999) 40 CFR 61 Subpart A 61.10(g) (3/16/1994) 40 CFR 63 Subpart A 63.10(a)(5) (11/19/2020) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td><strong>Required Monitoring Reports</strong> Submit reports of any required monitoring to the NWCAA at least once every six months. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports.</td>
<td><strong>Directly Enforceable - Gapfill:</strong> Monthly reports shall cover a calendar month, quarterly reports shall cover a calendar quarter, six-month reports shall cover January through June and July through December, and annual reports shall cover a calendar year. The reports shall be submitted within 30 days after the close of the period that the reports cover, except when the reporting deadline is specified in a permit term including, but not necessarily limited to: Term 2.1.8.3- Source testing Term 2.4.1.1- Annual AOP certification Term 2.4.4.3- Annual emissions inventory Term 2.4.5.2- Annual GHG emissions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2 General</td>
<td>NWCAA Section 342 (9/8/1993) (7/14/2005 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td><strong>Operation and Maintenance</strong> Sources are required to keep any process and/or air pollution control equipment in good operating condition and repair.</td>
<td><strong>Directly Enforceable - Sufficiency:</strong> Operating instructions and maintenance schedules for process and/or control equipment must be available on site. <strong>Directly Enforceable - Sufficiency:</strong> Monitor, keep records and report in accordance with the terms of this permit. Keep records of maintenance and repair work on process and air pollution control equipment.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Permit Term</td>
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<td>4.3 Nuisance</td>
<td>NWCAA Section 530 (3/9/2000 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td>General Nuisance No person shall discharge from any source quantities of air contaminants, with the exception of odors, in sufficient amounts and of such characteristics and duration as is likely to be injurious or cause damage to human health, plant or animal life, or property; or which unreasonably interferes with enjoyment of life and property. An air contaminant is defined as &quot;dust, fumes, mist, smoke, other particulate matter, vapor gas, odorous substance, or any combination thereof.</td>
<td>Directly Enforceable - Gapfill: Upon receiving an air contaminant complaint from the NWCAA or the public, all possible sources of the nuisance emissions at the facility shall be checked for proper operation. Problems identified shall be repaired or corrected as soon as practicable. If the problems identified cannot be repaired or corrected within four hours, action shall be taken to minimize emissions until repairs can be made and the NWCAA shall be notified within 12 hours with a description of the complaint and action being taken to resolve the problem. The results of the investigation, identification of any malfunctioning equipment or aberrant operation, and the date and time of repair or mitigation shall be recorded. A log of these records shall be maintained for inspection. Receipt of a nuisance complaint in itself shall not necessarily be a violation.</td>
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<td>4.4 Nuisance</td>
<td>WAC 173-400-040(5) (3/22/1991) WAC 173-400-040(6) (9/16/2018 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td>Emission Detrimental to Persons or Property No person shall cause or allow the emission of any air contaminant from any source if it is detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of any person, or causes damage to property or business.</td>
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<td>4.5 Odor</td>
<td>NWCAA Section 535 (3/9/2000 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td>Odor Control Measures Appropriate practices and control equipment shall be installed and operated to reduce odor-bearing gases emitted into the atmosphere to a reasonable minimum. Any person who shall cause the generation of any odor from any source which may reasonably interfere with any other property owner’s use and enjoyment of their property must use recognized best practices and control equipment to reduce these odors to a reasonable minimum. No person shall cause or permit the emission of any odorous air contaminant from any source if it is detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of any person, or causes damage to property or business.</td>
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<td>4.6 Odor</td>
<td>WAC 173-400-040(5) (9/16/2018 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td>Odors Source may not generate odors which may unreasonably interfere with property use and must use recognized good practice and procedures to reduce odors to reasonable minimum.</td>
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<td>4.7 PM</td>
<td>NWCAA Section 550 (4/14/1993) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td>Preventing Particulate Matter from Becoming Airborne Best Available Control Technology (BACT) required to prevent the release of fugitive matter to the ambient air. Nuisance particulate fallout is prohibited.</td>
<td>Directly Enforceable - Gapfill: Follow MR&amp;R under AOP Terms 4.3 and 4.12.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.8 PM</td>
<td>NWCAA Section 550 (9/11/2014 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td>Preventing Particulate Matter from Becoming Airborne The owner or operator of a source or activity that generates fugitive dust, including, but not limited to, material handling, building construction or demolition, abrasive blasting, roadways and lots, shall employ reasonable precautions to prevent fugitive dust from becoming airborne and must maintain and operate the source or activity to minimize emissions. It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the emission of particulate matter which becomes deposited upon the property of others in sufficient quantities and of such characteristics and duration as is, or is likely to be, injurious to human health, plant or animal life, or property, or which unreasonably interferes with enjoyment of life and property.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.9 PM</td>
<td>WAC 173-400-040(3) (9/16/2018 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td>Fallout Source may not generate the emission of particulate matter to be deposited beyond the property line in sufficient quantity to interfere unreasonably with the use and enjoyment of the property upon which the material is deposited.</td>
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<td>4.10 PM</td>
<td>WAC 173-400-040(3)(a) (3/22/1991) WAC 173-400-040(4)(a) (9/16/2018 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td>Fugitive Emissions From an emissions unit engaging in materials handling, construction, demolition, or other operation which is a source of fugitive emissions, take reasonable precautions to prevent the release of air contaminants from the operation.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.11 PM</td>
<td>WAC 173-400-040(8)(a) (3/22/1991) WAC 173-400-040(9)(a) (9/16/2018 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td>Fugitive Dust Reasonable precautions to prevent release of fugitive dust required. Maintain and operate source to minimize emissions.</td>
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</table>
| 4.12 VE    | NWCAA 451.1 (10/13/1994); (11/8/2007 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c), (10/17/02) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20) | Emission of Air Contaminant - Visual Standard No person shall cause or permit the emission, for any period aggregating more than 3 minutes in any 1 hour, of an air contaminant from any source which, at the point at emission, or within a reasonable distance of the point of emission, exceeds 20% opacity (Ecology Method 9A) except: When there is valid data to show that the opacity is in excess of 20% as a result of the presence of condensed water droplets, and that the concentration of the particulate matter, as shown by a source test approved by the Control Officer, is less than 0.10 (0.23 g/m³) grain/dscf. | Directly Enforceable - Gapfill: Compliance Method is Ecology Method 9A. Visually observe all emission units for no less than 5 minutes during daylight hours when unit is operating, no less frequently than once each month that the unit is operated. If, during monthly observation, or at any other time, a visible plume is observed, at least one of the following actions shall be taken:  
- Take corrective action to return opacity to nonvisible level as soon as possible but no later than within 24-hours of observation of opacity,  
- Perform Method 9A test for VE limit, or  
- Shut the unit down until corrective actions can be taken. |
<p>| 4.13 VE    | WAC 173-400-040(1) (3/22/1991) WAC 173-400-040(2) (9/16/2018 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20) | Visible Emissions No person shall cause or allow the emission for more than three minutes, in any one hour, of an air contaminant from any emissions unit which at the emission point, or within a reasonable distance of the emission point, exceeds twenty percent opacity (Ecology Method 9A) except: When the owner or operator of a source supplies valid data to show that the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for the opacity to exceed twenty percent. |                                                      |</p>
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<td>4.14</td>
<td>NWCAA 455.1 (4/14/93); (5/11/95) State Only WAC 173-400-060 (3/22/91); (2/10/05) State Only WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)</td>
<td><strong>Emission of Particulate Matter</strong> Emissions shall not exceed 0.10 grain/dscf (0.23 g/dry m³) (combustion emissions shall be corrected to 7% oxygen) except gaseous and distillate fuel burning equipment (not including internal combustion engines) shall not exceed 0.05 grain/dscf (0.11 g/dry m³) corrected to 7% oxygen.</td>
<td>Record dates and times of any observed visible emissions and any related equipment or operational failure, and corrective actions taken, and the type of fuel burned. Record any Method 9A observations. Keep records of all observations available for inspection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.15 PM</td>
<td>WAC 173-400-050(1) and (3) (9/16/2018) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)</td>
<td><strong>Emission Standards for Combustion and Incineration Units</strong> Particulate emissions from combustion units greater than 0.2 grains/dscf corrected to 7% oxygen prohibited.</td>
<td><strong>Directly Enforceable - Gapfill:</strong> Follow MR&amp;R under AOP Term 4.12.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.16</td>
<td>WAC 173-400-060 (11/25/2018) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td><strong>Emission Standards for General Process Units</strong> Particulate emissions greater than 0.1 grain/dscf prohibited.</td>
<td><strong>Directly Enforceable - Gapfill:</strong> Follow MR&amp;R under AOP Term 4.12.</td>
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<td>Permit Term</td>
<td>Citation</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.17 SO₂</td>
<td>NWCAA Section 462 (10/13/1994) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td><strong>Emission of Sulfur Compounds</strong> Sulfur compounds emissions, calculated as SO₂, shall not exceed 1,000 ppmvd at 7% oxygen. This requirement is not violated if reasonable evidence is presented that concentrations will not exceed ambient standards and the permittee demonstrates that no practical method of reducing the concentration exists.</td>
<td><em>Directly Enforceable - Gapfill:</em> Follow the MR&amp;R of permit term 5.1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.18 SO₂</td>
<td>NWCAA Section 462 (3/13/1997 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td><strong>Emission of Sulfur Compounds</strong> Sulfur compounds emissions, calculated as SO₂, shall not exceed 1,000 ppmvd at 7% oxygen averaged for a 60 consecutive minute period. This requirement is not violated if reasonable evidence is presented that concentrations will not exceed ambient standards and the permittee demonstrates that no practical method of reducing the concentration exists.</td>
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<td>4.19 SO₂</td>
<td>WAC 173-400-040(6) first paragraph only (3/22/1991) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) &amp; (c), (10/17/02)</td>
<td><strong>Sulfur Dioxide</strong> Sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 1,000 ppmvd, corrected to 7% oxygen for combustion sources, based on the average of any 60 consecutive minute period.</td>
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<td>Permit Term</td>
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| 4.20 SO₂    | NWCAA 520.11, 520.12, 520.13, and 520.15 (4/14/1993) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c), (10/17/02) | **Sulfur Compounds in Fuel** Prohibited to burn, sell, or make available for sale for burning in fuel burning equipment within the jurisdiction of the NWCAA, fuel containing sulfur in excess of the following for a time period not to exceed 30 days in a 12-month period:  
• #1 distillate – 0.3 wt%  
• #2 distillate – 0.5 wt%  
• other fuel oils – 2.0 wt%  
• solid fuels – 2.0 wt% | *Directly Enforceable - Gapfill:* Follow the MR&R of permit term 5.1. |
| 4.21 SO₂    | NWCAA 520.11, 520.12, 520.13, 520.15, 520.2 (5/9/1996 State Only) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c), (10/17/02) | **Sulfur Compounds in Fuel** Prohibited to burn, sell, or make available for sale for burning in fuel burning equipment within the jurisdiction of the NWCAA, fuel containing sulfur in excess of the following for a time period not to exceed 30 days in a 12-month period:  
• #1 distillate – 0.3 wt%  
• #2 distillate – 0.5 wt%  
• other fuel oils – 2.0 wt%  
• solid fuels – 2.0 wt%  
Ocean-going vessels are exempt. |
SECTION 5  SPECIFICALLY APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

The cited requirements in the “Citation” column and incorporated herein by reference are applicable to emission units specified in the header of the table. These requirements are federally enforceable unless identified as "State Only”. A requirement designated "State Only" is enforceable only by the state or the NWCAA, and not by the EPA or through citizen suits. "State Only" WAC citations are enforceable by NWCAA because they are adopted by reference in NWCAA 104.1, as amended May 14, 2020. All of the federal regulations listed in Section 5 have been adopted by reference in NWCAA 104.2, as amended May 14, 2020.

The “Description” column is a brief description of the applicable requirements for informational purposes only and is not enforceable. Periodic or continuous monitoring requirements, including testing, are specified in the “Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting” (MR&R) column, which identifies MR&R obligations the source must perform as required by WAC 173-401-605(1) and 615(1) and (2) or the underlying requirement. MR&R obligations do not apply to insignificant emission units. The test method cited or any credible evidence may be used to determine compliance.

The requirements in the MR&R column labeled “Directly Enforceable-Gapfill” are legally enforceable requirements added under the NWCAA’s “gap-filling” authority of WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c), 10/17/02. The requirements in the MR&R column labeled as “Directly Enforceable- Sufficiency” are legally enforceable requirements added under the NWCAA’s “sufficiency monitoring” authority (WAC 173-401-630(1)). Other requirements not labeled “Directly Enforceable” are brief descriptions of the regulatory requirements for informational purposes, and are not enforceable. Unless the text of the MR&R column is specifically identified to be directly enforceable, the language of the cited regulation takes precedence over a paraphrased requirement.

MR&R requirements noted as “CAM” are part of the Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Plan for the specified unit(s) as required by 40 CFR 64.6(c) (10/22/97). If a CAM plan is required, the CAM plan submitted by the facility per 40 CFR 64.4 will be included in the Statement of Basis document accompanying this permit.

The provisions of federally approved NWCAA Sections 365, 366 and the “Guidelines for Industrial Monitoring Equipment and Data Handling” have been replaced in this section by NWCAA Section 367 and Appendix A – “Ambient Monitoring, Emission Testing, and Continuous Emission and Opacity Monitoring”. NWCAA Section 367 and Appendix A were adopted on July 14, 2005 with a provision that applicable sources would be allowed one year from the date of adoption to achieve compliance with Appendix A. The new regulations are “State Only” until incorporated into the State Implementation Plan.

Table 5-1  Specifically Applicable Requirements

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<thead>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>5.1 General</td>
<td>OAC 304h, Condition 6 (4/23/20)</td>
<td>The combustion turbine shall burn only natural gas as defined in 40 CFR 72.2.</td>
<td>Directly Enforceable - Gapfill</td>
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<td>Keep records of gas quality characteristics establishing that the natural gas combusted in the turbine meets the</td>
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<td>Permit Term</td>
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|             | WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c), (10/17/02) | Visual emissions shall not exceed 5% at the point of exhaust or within a reasonable distance of that point for more than six minutes in any one-hour period. | Compliance Method is 40 CFR 60 Appendix A Method 9 or other method approved by control officer.  
Directly Enforceable - Sufficiency  
Visually observe combustion turbine stack monthly for no less than 5 minutes during daylight hours when unit is operating, no less frequently than once each month that the unit is operated. If, during monthly observation, or at any other time, a visible plume is observed, at least one of the following actions shall be taken:  
- Take corrective action to return opacity to non-visible level as soon as possible but no later than within 24-hours of observation of opacity,  
- Perform Method 9 test, or  
- Shut the unit down until corrective actions can be taken.  
Record dates and times of any observed visible emissions and any related equipment or operational failure, and corrective actions taken, and the type of fuel burned. Record any EPA Method 9 observations. Keep records of all observations available for inspection. |
| 5.2 VE      | OAC 304h Condition 1c (4/23/20) WAC 173-401-615(1)(b) & (c), (10/17/02) | | |
| 5.3 SO2     | 40 CFR 60 Subpart GG §60.333(b) (7/8/04), 60.334(h)(1), (h)(3), (j)(2) (2/24/06) and | NSPS Sulfur Content of Fuel  
Sulfur content of fuels limited to 0.8 % by weight (8,000 ppmw). | Monitoring of sulfur content of gaseous fuel by testing unless the gaseous fuel is demonstrated to meet the definition of natural gas (≤ 20.0 grains total sulfur per 100 scf). If sulfur testing is used to demonstrate compliance, a minimum of three fuel samples shall be collected during fuel testing and the samples analyzed for total sulfur content according to one of the following procedures: ASTM D1072-80,90; D3246-81,92,96; |
## Combustion Turbine (EU-1)

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<td></td>
<td>60.335(b)(10) (2/27/14) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)</td>
<td>Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting</td>
<td>D4468-85; D6667-01; Alternatively, if the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel during the most recent test was less than 0.4 weight percent (4000 ppmw), ASTM D4084–82, 94, D5504–01, D6228–98, or Gas Processors Association Standard 2377–86, which measure the major sulfur compounds, may be used. Keep records of gas quality characteristics establishing the natural gas exemption from testing, and any results of sulfur testing of the fuel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.4 NO\text{\textsubscript{X}}</td>
<td>40 CFR 60 Subpart GG §60.332 (a)(1) and (b) (7/8/04) §60.334 (b) &amp; (j)(1)(iii) (2/24/06) §60.335(b)(1) (2/27/14) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)</td>
<td>NSPS NO\text{\textsubscript{X}} Standard NO\text{\textsubscript{X}} emissions shall not exceed 96 ppm (75 ppm plus allowed correction for heat rate and fuel bound nitrogen) corrected to 15% oxygen, 4-hour rolling average.</td>
<td>Operate CEMS for NO\text{\textsubscript{X}} and O\text{\textsubscript{2}} in accordance with NWCAA 367, NWCAA Appendix A, and 40 CFR 75.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.5 NO\text{\textsubscript{X}}</td>
<td>40 CFR 60 Subpart GG §60.332(f) (7/8/04) and §60.334(j)(3) (2/24/06) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)</td>
<td>Ice Fog Gas turbines using water injection for control of NO\text{\textsubscript{X}} emissions are exempt from NO\text{\textsubscript{X}} emission limits when ice fog is deemed a traffic hazard by the owner or operator of the gas turbine.</td>
<td>Each period during which ice fog due to the turbine water injection is deemed a traffic hazard by PSE shall be reported in writing to the NWCAA quarterly. For each period the ambient conditions existed during the period, the date and time the air pollution control system was deactivated and then reactivated shall be reported. All quarterly reports shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar quarter.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.6 NO\text{\textsubscript{X}}</td>
<td>OAC 304h Condition 1a, 2 and 3 (4/23/20)</td>
<td>NO\text{\textsubscript{X}} emissions shall not exceed any of the following limits: • 6 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen, calendar day average • 18.1 lb/hour, calendar day average</td>
<td>Operate CEMS for NO\text{\textsubscript{X}} and O\text{\textsubscript{2}} in accordance with NWCAA 367, NWCAA Appendix A, and 40 CFR Part 60 Appendices B and F.</td>
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<td>• 75 tons/year</td>
<td>Monitor and record the turbine operating periods, its natural gas consumption, and the ratio of steam to fuel being fired in the turbine.</td>
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<td>5.7 NH₃</td>
<td>OAC 304h Condition 1d and 4 (4/23/20)</td>
<td>Emissions of ammonia shall not exceed any of the following limits: • 10 ppmdv corrected to 15% oxygen, one-hour average • 13.3 lb/hour • 55 tons/year</td>
<td>Conduct annual source testing for carbon monoxide (CO) and ammonia (NH₃) using EPA Method 10 and BAAQMD Method ST-1B, respectively. Other testing methods may be used provided they have been approved in writing by the NWCAA in advance. Testing shall be conducted at least once per calendar year. All source testing shall be conducted, and plans and test results submitted in accordance with NWCAA Section 367 and NWCAA Appendix A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.8 CO</td>
<td>OAC 304h Condition 1b and 4 (4/23/20)</td>
<td>Emissions of CO from shall not exceed any of the following limits: • 6 ppmdv corrected to 15% oxygen, one-hour average • 12.6 lb/hour • 52 tons/year CO emission limits apply at all times except during a time period not to exceed two hours during startup.</td>
<td>The following information shall be reported to the NWCAA on a calendar month basis within 30 days following the end of the previous month. Combustion Turbine (EU-1) • ( \text{NO}_x ) ppmdv @ 15% ( \text{O}_2 ), calendar day average • ( \text{NO}_x ) lb, calendar day total • MMBtu natural gas combusted, monthly total • Operating hours, monthly total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.9 Reporting</td>
<td>OAC 304h Condition 5 (4/23/20)</td>
<td>Monthly Reports, with entries for each day of the month for limits on calendar day average or calendar day total.</td>
<td>Monitor and record the electrical output, useful thermal energy output and regulated greenhouse gases emissions. Record hourly or daily values in a form suitable for use in calculating compliance with the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.10 GHG</td>
<td>WAC 173-407-130 and 173-407-230 (1)(a), (b) &amp; (c) and (2) (7/20/08 State Only)</td>
<td>GHG Performance Standard Baseload electric cogeneration facilities shall not exceed a regulated greenhouse gas (( \text{CO}_2 ), ( \text{N}_2\text{O} ) and ( \text{CH}_4 )) emission rate of</td>
<td>Monitor and record the electrical output, useful thermal energy output and regulated greenhouse gases emissions. Record hourly or daily values in a form suitable for use in calculating compliance with the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard.</td>
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<td>1,100 pounds per megawatt-hour, annual average.</td>
<td>Submit annual reports to the WDOE and NWCAA by January 31 of each calendar year that includes annual emissions of CO$_2$, N$_2$O and CH$_4$. The 40 CFR Part 75 emissions report that includes CO$_2$ may be used, appended for N$_2$O and CH$_4$ emissions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.11 GHG</td>
<td>WAC 173-407-230(1)(d) (7/20/08 State Only)</td>
<td>Natural Gas Monitoring Anually test natural gas for heat content and record daily natural gas use rates.</td>
<td>Test the heat content (BTU/scf) of the natural gas at least once per calendar year. Submit a proposed test plan to WDOE for approval prior to testing. Record hourly or daily natural gas use in a form suitable for use in calculating compliance with the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.12 GHG</td>
<td>WAC 173-407-230(1)(c)(ii) (7/20/08 State Only)</td>
<td>Monitoring CO$_2$ Emissions Use a continuous emission monitoring system meeting the requirements of 40 CFR § 75.10 and 75.13, and 40 CFR Part 75 Appendix F. If allowed by the requirements of 40 CFR Part 72, a facility may estimate CO$_2$ emissions through fuel carbon content monitoring and methods meeting the requirements of 40 CFR Sections 75.10 and 75.13 and 40 CFR Part 75 Appendix G. The CO$_2$ and flow monitoring equipment must meet the quality control and quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 75, Appendix B.</td>
<td>A CEMS certified under 40 CFR Part 75 will be utilized to determine CO$_2$ emissions in order to verify compliance with the greenhouse gas emission performance standard unless PSE chooses to calculate CO$_2$ emissions by utilizing the emission factor generated during the most recent source tests and records of hourly or daily operational data suitable for use in calculating compliance with the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.13 GHG</td>
<td>WAC 173-407-230(1)(c)(iii) &amp; (iv) (7/20/08 State Only)</td>
<td>Monitoring N$_2$O and CH$_4$ Emissions Estimate plant specific emission factors derived through use of emissions testing.</td>
<td>Record as hourly or daily operational data in a form suitable for use in calculating compliance with the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard. N$_2$O and CH$_4$ emissions will be estimated by utilizing the emission factor generated during the most recent source tests.</td>
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| 5.14 General| OAC 304h Condition 7 (4/23/20) | The Cummins Diesel Turbo 500 kW standby generator shall not be operated more than 132 hours in any calendar year. | The following information shall be reported to the NWCAA on a calendar month basis within 30 days following the end of the previous month.  
**Emergency Generator (EU-2)**  
Operating hours, calendar year total |
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<tr>
<td>5.15</td>
<td>40 CFR 63.6603(a) (1/30/13), 63.6625(i) (1/30/13), 63.6640(b) (1/30/13), and 63.6650(f) (1/30/13) 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ Table 2d Line 4 (1/30/13) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)</td>
<td>Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first or utilize an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement. Inspect air cleaner every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary. If an emergency engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the management practice requirements of this subpart, or if performing the management practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law, the management practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated. The management practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated. The oil analysis program to extend the specified oil change requirement, if utilized, shall be performed in accordance with 40 CFR 63.6625(i).</td>
<td>Report each instance in which each emission limitation or operating limitation was not met. These instances are deviations from the emission and operating limitations. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.6650(f) and AOP Term 2.4.7. Report any failure to perform the management practice on the schedule required and the Federal, State or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable. If an oil analysis program is utilized to extend the specified oil change requirement, the owner or operator must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.16</td>
<td>40 CFR 63.6625(e) (1/30/13), 63.6640(a) (1/30/13), and 63.6655(d) &amp; (e) (1/30/13) 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ Table 6 Line 9 (1/30/13) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)</td>
<td>Operate and maintain the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or develop your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.</td>
<td>Keep records of operating and maintaining the stationary RICE according to the manufacturer’s emission-related operation and maintenance instruction. Or, if you develop your own maintenance plan, keep records of the maintenance conducted on the stationary RICE in order to demonstrate that you operated and maintained the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to your own maintenance plan.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.17 | 40 CFR 63.6625(f) (1/30/13), 63.6640 (f) (1/30/13), and 63.6655(f) (1/30/13) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)

Install a non-resettable hour meter if one is not already installed. Any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year is prohibited. If the engine is not operated according to these requirements, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine and will need to meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.

There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations.

Maintenance checks and readiness testing of such units is limited to 100 hours per year.

The emergency engine may be operated up to 50 hours per year operation in non-emergency situations (which may include up to 15 hours per year as part of a demand response program). All non-emergency operating hours are counted towards the 100 hours per year provided for maintenance and testing. The engine may not be operated for more than 30 minutes prior to the time when the emergency condition is expected to occur, and the engine operation must be terminated immediately after the facility is notified that the emergency condition is no longer imminent.

The 15 hours non-emergency operation as part of a demand response program must meet the requirements in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(iii).

Keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The owner or operator must document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation. If the engines are used for demand response operation, the owner or operator must keep records of the notification of the emergency situation, and the time the engine was operated as part of demand response.

The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that Federal, State, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per year.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Term</th>
<th>Citation</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.18</td>
<td>40 CFR 63.6595(c) (1/30/13), 63.6640(e) (1/30/13), 63.6645(a)(5) (1/30/13), and 63.6650(f) (1/30/13) 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ Table 8 (1/30/13) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)</td>
<td>Comply with applicable requirements in 40 CFR 63 Subpart A as listed in 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ Table 8. Notifications under 63.7(b) and (c), 63.8(e), (f)(4) and (f)(6), 63.9(b) through (e), and (g) and (h) do not apply to existing stationary emergency RICE.</td>
<td>Report each instance in which the applicable requirements in 40 CFR 63 Subpart A as listed in 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ Table 8 are not met. Deviations must be reported according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.6650(f) and AOP Term 2.4.7.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permit Term</td>
<td>Citation</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.19</td>
<td>40 CFR 63.6605 (1/30/13), 63.6625(h) (1/30/13), and 63.6655(a) (1/30/13) NWCAA 104.2 (5/14/20)</td>
<td>Comply with the emission limitations and operating limitations in this subpart that apply at all times. Minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes. At all times, operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.</td>
<td>Keep the following records: - Records of the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of operation (i.e., process equipment) or the air pollution control and monitoring equipment. - Records of all required maintenance performed on the air pollution control and monitoring equipment. Records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions in accordance with 63.6605(b), including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 6  ACID RAIN PERMIT

Issued to:  Sumas Generating Station
Operated by:  Puget Sound Energy
Address:  1340 Thompson Lane, Sumas, Washington 98295
Affected unit at source:  Combustion Turbine

Effective:  This Acid Rain permit, as part of the PSE Sumas Generating Station Title V permit, will become effective upon the effective date of the Title V permit. The Acid Rain permit shall have a permit term of 5 years beginning on the effective date.

6.1  Acid Rain Permit Statement of Basis.

Statutory and Regulatory Authorities: In accordance with Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 173-406 (11/23/94) "Acid Rain Regulation" and WAC 173-401 (9/16/02) "Operating Permit Regulation", the NWCAA issues this permit pursuant to WAC 173-406 and WAC 173-401. WAC 173-406, is based on the provisions of Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Parts 72-76, which are part of the requirements established pursuant to Title IV of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7401, et seq., as amended by Public Law 101-549 (November 15, 1990).

6.2  Acid Rain Permit Application

The permit application submitted for this source appears below. The owners and operators of the source must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application and in WAC 173-406.
### Acid Rain Permit Application

For more information, see instructions and 40 CFR 72.30 and 72.31.

This submission is: [ ] new  [ ] revised  [✓] for ARP permit renewal

#### STEP 1
Identify the facility name, State, and plant (ORIS) code.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Facility (Source) Name</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Plant Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sumas Generating Station</td>
<td>WA</td>
<td>54476</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### STEP 2
Enter the unit ID# for every affected source in column "a."

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit ID#</th>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit Will Hold Allowances in Accordance with 40 CFR 72.30(c)(1)

EPA Form 75/10-16 (Revised 10-2020)
STEP 3

Permit Requirements

Read the standard requirements.

(1) The designated representative of each affected source and each affected unit at the source shall:
   (i) Submit a complete Acid Rain permit application (including a compliance plan) under 40 CFR part 72 in accordance with the deadlines specified in 40 CFR 72.30; and
   (ii) Submit in a timely manner any supplemental information that the permitting authority determines is necessary in order to review an Acid Rain permit application and issue or deny an Acid Rain permit.

(2) The owners and operators of each affected source and each affected unit at the source shall:
   (i) Operate the unit in compliance with a complete Acid Rain permit application or a superseding Acid Rain permit issued by the permitting authority; and
   (ii) Have an Acid Rain Permit.

Monitoring Requirements

(1) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, designated representative of each affected source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements as provided in 40 CFR part 75.

(2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR part 75 shall be used to determine compliance by the source or unit, as appropriate, with the Acid Rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides under the Acid Rain Program.

(3) The requirements of 40 CFR part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emissions of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the Act and other provisions of the operating permit for the source.

Sulfur Dioxide Requirements

(1) The owners and operators of each source and each affected unit at the sources shall:
   (i) Hold allowances, as of the allowance transfer deadline, in the source’s compliance account (after deductions under 40 CFR 73.34(c)), not less than the total annual emissions of sulfur dioxide for the previous calendar year from the affected units at the source; and
   (ii) Comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide.

(2) Each ton of sulfur dioxide emitted in excess of the Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide shall constitute a separate violation of the Act.

(3) An affected unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements as follows:
   (i) Starting January 1, 2000, an affected unit under 40 CFR 72.8(a)(2); or
   (ii) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000 or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR part 75, an affected unit under 40 CFR 72.6(c)(9).

(4) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the Acid Rain Program.

(5) An allowance shall not be deducted in order to comply with the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements prior to the calendar year for which the allowance was allocated.

(6) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the Acid Rain Program. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, the Acid Rain permit application, the Acid Rain permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.

(7) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program does not constitute a property right.

Nitrogen Oxides Requirements

The owners and operators of the source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitations for nitrogen oxides.

EPA Form 7810-16 (Revised 10-2020)
STEP 3, Cont'd

Excess Emissions Requirements

(1) The designated representative of an affected source that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR part 77.

(2) The owners and operators of an affected source that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall:
   (i) Pay without demand the penalty required, and pay upon demand the interest on that penalty, as required by 40 CFR part 77; and
   (ii) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan, as required by 40 CFR part 77.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

(1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the source and each affected unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of 5 years, in writing by the Administrator or permitting authority:
   (i) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each affected unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with 40 CFR 72.24; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative;
   (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR part 75, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR part 75 provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply.
   (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the Acid Rain Program; and
   (iv) Copies of all documents used to complete an Acid Rain permit application and any other submission under the Acid Rain Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.

(2) The designated representative of an affected source and each affected unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance certifications required under the Acid Rain Program, including those under 40 CFR part 72 subpart I and 40 CFR part 75.

Liability

(1) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the Acid Rain Program, a complete Acid Rain permit application, an Acid Rain permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act.

(2) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the Acid Rain Program shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act and 18 U.S.C. 1001.

(3) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the Acid Rain Program that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.

(4) Each affected source and each affected unit shall meet the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.

(5) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an affected source (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an affected source) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the affected units at the source.

(6) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an affected unit (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an affected unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.

(7) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR parts 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, and 78 by an affected source or affected unit, or by an owner or operator or designated representative of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the Act.
STEP 3, Cont'd. Effect on Other Authorities

No provision of the Acid Rain Program, an Acid Rain permit application, an Acid Rain permit or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8 shall be construed as:

1. Except as expressly provided in title IV of the Act, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the designated representative of an affected source or affected unit from compliance with any other provision of the Act, including the provisions of title I of the Act relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans;

2. Limiting the number of allowances a source can hold; provided, that the number of allowances held by the source shall not affect the source’s obligation to comply with any other provisions of the Act;

3. Requiring a change of any kind in any State law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any State law regarding such State regulation, or limiting such State regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such State law;

4. Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or,

5. Interfering with or impairing any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a State in which such program is established.

STEP 4

Certification

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the affected source or affected units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all the attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

Name Ryan Blood

Director of Generation, North

Signature

Date 3/1/2021
# Certificate of Representation

For more information, see instructions and 40 CFR 72.24, 96.113, 96.213, 96.313, 97.113, 97.213, 97.313, 97.416, 97.516, 97.616, 97.716, or a comparable state regulation, as applicable.

This submission is: [ ] New [x] Revised (revised submissions must be complete; see instructions)

## FACILITY (SOURCE) INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Facility (Source) Name</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Plant Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sumas Generating Station</td>
<td>WA</td>
<td>54476</td>
</tr>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County Name</th>
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<th>Longitude</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Whatcom</td>
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<td>-122.2746144</td>
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## STEP 2
Enter requested information for the designated representative.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ryan Blood</td>
<td>Director, Generation North</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company Name</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Puget Sound Energy</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mailing Address</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Fax Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSE M/SNOB, P.O. Box 91269, Bellevue WA 98009-9269</td>
<td>425-457-4104</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E-mail address</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:Ryan.Blood@pse.com">Ryan.Blood@pse.com</a></td>
</tr>
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## STEP 3
Enter requested information for the alternate designated representative.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mark Carlson</td>
<td>Director, Southern Generation &amp; Natural Gas Storage</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
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<th>Company Name</th>
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<tr>
<th>Mailing Address</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1200 Prudential Blvd, Longview, WA 98632</td>
<td>360-353-7220</td>
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</tr>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E-mail address</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:Mark.Carlson@pse.com">Mark.Carlson@pse.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
UNIT INFORMATION

STEP 4: Complete a separate page 2 for each unit located at the facility identified in STEP 1 (i.e., for each boiler, simple cycle combustion turbine, or combined cycle combustion turbine). Do not list duct burners. Indicate each program to which the unit is subject, and enter all other unit-specific information. See instructions for more details.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit ID#</th>
<th>Unit Type</th>
<th>Source Category</th>
<th>NAICS Code</th>
<th>Generator ID Number (Maximum 8 characters)</th>
<th>Acid Rain Nameplate Capacity (MWe)</th>
<th>CAIR/Transport Rule Nameplate Capacity (MWe)</th>
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<tr>
<td>CT-1</td>
<td>Combined Cycle Combustion Turbine</td>
<td>4911</td>
<td>221112</td>
<td>GT1</td>
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<td>40</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Date unit began (or will begin) serving any generator producing electricity for sale (including test generation) (mm/dd/yyyy): 08/22/2008

Is this unit located in Indian Country? Check One:

- Actual: X
- Projected:

Is this the first time the unit has been identified on the Certificate of Representation for this facility, was the unit moved from another facility?

- Check One: Yes ☐ No X

Company Name: Puget Sound Energy

- X Owner
- X Operator

Company Name:

- Owner
- Operator

Company Name:

- Owner
- Operator

Company Name:

- Owner
- Operator

Company Name:

- Owner
- Operator

Company Name:

- Owner
- Operator
STEP 5: Read the appropriate certification statements, sign, and date.

Acid Rain Program

I certify that I was selected as the designated representative or alternate designated representative (as applicable) by an agreement binding on the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source (i.e., the source and each unit subject to the Acid Rain Program, as indicated in "Applicable Program(s)" in Step 4).

I certify that I have all necessary authority to carry out my duties and responsibilities under the Acid Rain Program on behalf of the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source and that each such owner and operator shall be fully bound by my representations, actions, inactions, or submissions.

I certify that the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall be bound by any order issued to me by the Administrator, the permitting authority, or a court regarding the source or unit.

Where there are multiple holders of a legal or equitable title to, or a leasehold interest in, an affected unit, or where a utility or industrial customer purchases power from an affected unit under a life-of-the-unit, firm power contractual arrangement, I certify that:

I have given a written notice of my selection as the designated representative or alternate designated representative (as applicable) and of the agreement by which I was selected to each owner and operator of the affected source and each affected unit at the source; and

Allowances, and proceeds of transactions involving allowances, will be deemed to be held or distributed in proportion to each holder’s legal, equitable, leasehold, or contractual reservation or entitlement, except that, if such multiple holders have expressly provided for a different distribution of allowances, allowances and proceeds of transactions involving allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in accordance with the contract.

Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) NOx Annual Trading Program

I certify that I was selected as the CAIR designated representative or alternate CAIR designated representative (as applicable), by an agreement binding on the owners and operators of the CAIR NOx source and each CAIR NOx unit at the source (i.e., the source and each unit subject to the CAIR NOx Annual Trading Program, as indicated in "Applicable Program(s)" in Step 4).

I certify that I have all necessary authority to carry out my duties and responsibilities under the CAIR NOx Annual Trading Program on behalf of the owners and operators of the CAIR NOx source and each CAIR NOx unit at the source and that each such owner and operator shall be fully bound by my representations, actions, inactions, or submissions.

I certify that the owners and operators of the CAIR NOx source and each CAIR NOx unit at the source shall be bound by any order issued to me by the Administrator, the permitting authority, or a court regarding the source or unit.

Where there are multiple holders of a legal or equitable title to, or a leasehold interest in, a CAIR NOx unit, or where a utility or industrial customer purchases power from a CAIR NOx unit under a life-of-the-unit, firm power contractual arrangement, I certify that:

I have given a written notice of my selection as the CAIR designated representative or alternate CAIR designated representative (as applicable) and of the agreement by which I was selected to each owner and operator of the CAIR NOx source and each CAIR NOx unit at the source; and

CAIR NOx allowances and proceeds of transactions involving CAIR NOx allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in proportion to each holder’s legal, equitable, leasehold, or contractual reservation or entitlement, except that, if such multiple holders have expressly provided for a different distribution of CAIR NOx allowances by contract, CAIR NOx allowances and proceeds of transactions involving CAIR NOx allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in accordance with the contract.
Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) SO₂ Trading Program

I certify that I was selected as the CAIR designated representative or alternate CAIR designated representative (as applicable), by an agreement binding on the owners and operators of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source (i.e., the source and each unit subject to the SO₂ Trading Program, as indicated in "Applicable Program(s)" in Step 4).

I certify that I have all necessary authority to carry out my duties and responsibilities under the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, on behalf of the owners and operators of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source and that each such owner and operator shall be fully bound by my representations, actions, inactions, or submissions.

I certify that the owners and operators of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall be bound by any order issued to me by the Administrator, the permitting authority, or a court regarding the source or unit.

Where there are multiple holders of a legal or equitable title to, or a leasehold interest in, a CAIR SO₂ unit, or where a utility or industrial customer purchases power from a CAIR SO₂ unit under a life-of-the-unit, firm power contractual arrangement, I certify that:

I have given a written notice of my selection as the CAIR designated representative or alternate CAIR designated representative (as applicable) and of the agreement by which I was selected to each owner and operator of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source; and

CAIR SO₂ allowances and proceeds of transactions involving CAIR SO₂ allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in proportion to each holder's legal, equitable, leasehold, or contractual reservation or entitlement, except that if such multiple holders have expressly provided for a different distribution of CAIR SO₂ allowances by contract, CAIR SO₂ allowances and proceeds of transactions involving CAIR SO₂ allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in accordance with the contract.

Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) NOₓ Ozone Season Trading Program

I certify that I was selected as the CAIR designated representative or alternate CAIR designated representative (as applicable), by an agreement binding on the owners and operators of the CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season source and each CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season unit at the source (i.e., the source and each unit subject to the CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season Trading Program, as indicated in "Applicable Program(s)" in Step 4).

I certify that I have all necessary authority to carry out my duties and responsibilities under the CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season Trading Program on behalf of the owners and operators of the CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season source and each CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season unit at the source and that each such owner and operator shall be fully bound by my representations, actions, inactions, or submissions.

I certify that the owners and operators of the CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season source and each CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season unit shall be bound by any order issued to me by the Administrator, the permitting authority, or a court regarding the source or unit.

Where there are multiple holders of a legal or equitable title to, or a leasehold interest in, a CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season unit, or where a utility or industrial customer purchases power from a CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season unit under a life-of-the-unit, firm power contractual arrangement, I certify that:

I have given a written notice of my selection as the CAIR designated representative or alternate CAIR designated representative (as applicable) and of the agreement by which I was selected to each owner and operator of the CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season source and each CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season unit; and

CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season allowances and proceeds of transactions involving CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in proportion to each holder's legal, equitable, leasehold, or contractual reservation or entitlement, except that, if such multiple holders have expressly provided for a different distribution of CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season allowances by contract, CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season allowances and proceeds of transactions involving CAIR NOₓ Ozone Season allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in accordance with the contract.
Transport Rule NOx Annual Trading Program

I certify that I was selected as the designated representative or alternate designated representative, as applicable, by an agreement binding on the owners and operators of the source and each TR NOx Annual unit at the source.

I certify that I have all the necessary authority to carry out my duties and responsibilities under the TR NOx Annual Trading Program on behalf of the owners and operators of the source and of each TR NOx Annual unit at the source and that each such owner and operator shall be fully bound by my representations, actions, inactions, or submissions and by any order issued to me by the Administrator regarding the source or unit.

Where there are multiple holders of a legal or equitable title to, or a leasehold interest in, a TR NOx Annual unit, or where a utility or industrial customer purchases power from a TR NOx Annual unit under a life-of-the-unit, firm power contractual arrangement, I certify that:

I have given a written notice of my selection as the ‘designated representative’ or ‘alternate designated representative’, as applicable, and of the agreement by which I was selected to each owner and operator of the source and of each TR NOx Annual unit at the source.

TR NOx Annual allowances and proceeds of transactions involving TR NOx Annual allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in proportion to each holder’s legal, equitable, leasehold, or contractual reservation or entitlement, except that, if such multiple holders have expressly provided for a different distribution of TR NOx Annual allowances by contract, TR NOx Annual allowances and proceeds of transactions involving TR NOx Annual allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in accordance with the contract.

Transport Rule NOx Ozone Season Trading Program

I certify that I was selected as the designated representative or alternate designated representative, as applicable, by an agreement binding on the owners and operators of the source and each TR NOx Ozone Season unit at the source.

I certify that I have all the necessary authority to carry out my duties and responsibilities under the TR NOx Ozone Season Trading Program on behalf of the owners and operators of the source and of each TR NOx Ozone Season unit at the source and that each such owner and operator shall be fully bound by my representations, actions, inactions, or submissions and by any order issued to me by the Administrator regarding the source or unit.

Where there are multiple holders of a legal or equitable title to, or a leasehold interest in, a TR NOx Ozone Season unit, or where a utility or industrial customer purchases power from a TR NOx Ozone Season unit under a life-of-the-unit, firm power contractual arrangement, I certify that:

I have given a written notice of my selection as the ‘designated representative’ or ‘alternate designated representative’, as applicable, and of the agreement by which I was selected to each owner and operator of the source and of each TR NOx Ozone Season unit at the source.

TR NOx Ozone Season allowances and proceeds of transactions involving TR NOx Ozone Season allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in proportion to each holder’s legal, equitable, leasehold, or contractual reservation or entitlement, except that, if such multiple holders have expressly provided for a different distribution of TR NOx Ozone Season allowances by contract, TR NOx Ozone Season allowances and proceeds of transactions involving TR NOx Ozone Season allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in accordance with the contract.
Transport Rule SO₂: Annual Group 1 Trading Program

I certify that I was selected as the designated representative or alternate designated representative, as applicable, by an agreement binding on the owners and operators of the source and each TR SO₂ Group 1 unit at the source.

I certify that I have all the necessary authority to carry out my duties and responsibilities under the TR SO₂ Group 1 Trading Program on behalf of the owners and operators of the source and each TR SO₂ Group 1 unit at the source and that each such owner and operator shall be fully bound by my representations, actions, inactions, or submissions and by any order issued to me by the Administrator regarding the source or unit.

Where there are multiple holders of a legal or equitable title to, or a leasehold interest in, a TR SO₂ Group 1 unit, or where a utility or industrial customer purchases power from a TR SO₂ Group 1 unit under a life-of-the-unit firm power contractual arrangement, I certify that:

I have given a written notice of my selection as the ‘designated representative’ or ‘alternate designated representative’, as applicable, and of the agreement by which I was selected to each owner and operator of the source and each TR SO₂ Group 1 unit at the source.

TR SO₂ Group 1 allowances and proceeds of transactions involving TR SO₂ Group 1 allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in accordance with the contract.

Transport Rule SO₂: Annual Group 2 Trading Program

I certify that I was selected as the designated representative or alternate designated representative, as applicable, by an agreement binding on the owners and operators of the source and each TR SO₂ Group 2 unit at the source.

I certify that I have all the necessary authority to carry out my duties and responsibilities under the TR SO₂ Group 2 Trading Program on behalf of the owners and operators of the source and each TR SO₂ Group 2 unit at the source and that each such owner and operator shall be fully bound by my representations, actions, inactions, or submissions and by any order issued to me by the Administrator regarding the source or unit.

Where there are multiple holders of a legal or equitable title to, or a leasehold interest in, a TR SO₂ Group 2 unit, or where a utility or industrial customer purchases power from a TR SO₂ Group 2 unit under a life-of-the-unit firm power contractual arrangement, I certify that:

I have given a written notice of my selection as the ‘designated representative’ or ‘alternate designated representative’, as applicable, and of the agreement by which I was selected to each owner and operator of the source and each TR SO₂ Group 2 unit at the source.

TR SO₂ Group 2 allowances and proceeds of transactions involving TR SO₂ Group 2 allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in proportion to each holder’s legal, equitable, leasehold, or contractual reservation or entitlement, except that, if such multiple holders have expressly provided for a different distribution of TR SO₂ Group 1 allowances by contract, TR SO₂ Group 1 allowances and proceeds of transactions involving TR SO₂ Group 1 allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in accordance with the contract.
General

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the source or units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

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